1 2	BLUMENTHAL, NORDREHAUG & BHO Norman B. Blumenthal (State Bar #068687 Kyle R. Nordrehaug (State Bar #205975)	OWMIK ()		
3	Kyle R. Nordrehaug (State Bar #205975) Aparajit Bhowmik (State Bar #248066) 2255 Calle Clara	ELECTRONICALLY FILED Superior Court of California, County of Orange		
4.	La Jolla, CA 92037 Telephone: (858)551-1223	10/07/2010 at 02:20:20 PM		
5	Facsimile: (858) 551-1232	Clerk of the Superior Court By Maarit H Nordman,Deputy Clerk		
6	Attorneys for Plaintiff	·		
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10	CUPEDIOD COURT OF TH	THE COLUMN OF CALL YEAD NAME.		
11	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF ORANGE			
12	IN AND FOR THE C	Judge Ronald L. Bauer		
13	STEVIE BETHLEY; and individual, on	CASE No. 30-2010-00415018-CU-0E-CXC		
14	behalf of himself and all persons similarly situated,	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR:		
15	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	UNFAIR COMPETITION IN		
16	Plaintiff,	VIOLATION OF CAL. BUS. & PROF.		
17	vs.	CODE §§ 17200 ET SEQ; 2. FAILURE TO PAY OVERTIME		
18	RAYTHEON COMPANY, and DOES 1 through 50,	COMPENSATION IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE §§ 201, 202, 203, 204,		
19		210, 218, 510, 1194 & 1198; and, 3. FAILURE TO PROVIDE		
20	Defendant.	ACCURATE ITEMIZED WAGE		
21		STATEMENTS IN VIOLATION OF CAL. LAB. CODE § 226.		
22		V .		
23		DEMAND FOR A JURY TRIAL		
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CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

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Plaintiff Stevie Bethley ("PLAINTIFF"), an individual, alleges upon information and belief, except for his own acts and knowledge, the following:

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. Defendant Raytheon Company ("RAYTHEON" or "DEFENDANT") provides defense technologies. Plaintiff Stevie Bethley ("PLAINTIFF") was a non-union, hourly employee of RAYTHEON in California from August 2004 to July 2010. PLAINTIFF brings this Action against RAYTHEON on behalf of himself and on behalf of a class consisting of all non-union, hourly employees of RAYTHEON who worked for RAYTHEON in California during the CLASS PERIOD ("Class Members" or "CLASS"). During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON did not have in place an immutable timekeeping system to accurately record and pay PLAINTIFF and the Class Members for the actual number of hours they worked each day. RAYTHEON instructed the Class Members not to record hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday and forty (40) hours in a workweek in the time system to avoid paying the overtime rate of time and a half. Hours recorded in excess of eight (8) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week were erased from the mutable timekeeping system by RAYTHEON. As a result, RAYTHEON did not fully compensate the Class Members for daily and weekly overtime hours worked. Consequently, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members forfeited hours worked, or did not work on other days in the pay period as compensatory time to conform to RAYTHEON's timekeeping system that did not include hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday and forty (40) in a workweek. Further, any compensatory time policy and practice by RAYTHEON failed to comply with the requirements of Labor Code § 204.3. As a result, RAYTHEON's timekeeping system was an unlawful, mutable system which could be altered and/or programmed so as to show hours of only eight (8) in a workday and forty (40) in a workweek. The RAYTHEON timekeeping system is not a lawful, immutable timekeeping system in that work time can be unilaterally altered by RAYTHEON and Class Members thereby work without their time being accurately recorded. RAYTHEON's timekeeping system

2. PLAINTIFF brings this class action to fully compensate the Class Members for their losses incurred during the CLASS PERIOD caused by RAYTHEON's mutable timekeeping system which fails to compensate the PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, for all hours worked, including overtime hours. The Class Members damages result from the loss of one and one-half times their hourly rate for hours worked without compensatory time, and one-half time their hourly rate for hours worked with compensatory time. RAYTHEON's uniform policy and practice alleged herein of denying the Class Members compensation for all hours worked during the Class Period is a deceptive, unfair and unlawful practice whereby RAYTHEON retained and continues to retain wages and other monies due PLAINTIFF and the Class Members. PLAINTIFF and the Class Members seek an injunction enjoining such conduct by RAYTHEON in the future, relief for the named PLAINTIFF and the Class Members who have been economically injured by RAYTHEON's past and current unlawful conduct, and all other appropriate legal and equitable relief.

THE PARTIES

- 3. Defendant Raytheon Company ("RAYTHEON" or "DEFENDANT") was founded in 1922 and is based and headquartered in Waltham, Massachusetts. RAYTHEON does business under the name "Raytheon."
- 4. The true names and capacities, whether individual, corporate, subsidiary, partnership, associate or otherwise of Defendant Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are unknown to the PLAINTIFF who therefore sues these by their fictitious names pursuant to C.C.P. §474. The PLAINTIFF will seek leave to amend this Complaint to allege the true names and capacities of Does 1 through 50, inclusive, when they are ascertained. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that the DEFENDANT named in this Complaint, including Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are responsible in some manner for one or more of the events and happenings that proximately caused the injuries and damages hereinafter alleged.

- 5. PLAINTIFF is informed and believes, and based upon that information and belief alleges, that the DEFENDANT named in this Complaint, including Does 1 through 50, inclusive, are, and at all times mentioned herein were, the agents, servants, and/or employees of each of the other defendants and that each defendant was acting within the course of scope of his, hers or its authority as the agent, servant and/or employee of each of the other defendants. Consequently, all the defendants are jointly and severally liable to the PLAINTIFFS and the other members of the CLASS, for the injuries sustained as a result of DEFENDANT's conduct.
- 6. Plaintiff Stevie Bethley ("PLAINTIFF") worked for RAYTHEON in California. At all relevant times mentioned herein, PLAINTIFF resided in California. PLAINTIFF was employed by RAYTHEON as a non-union, hourly employee from August 2004 to July 2010.

THE CLASS & CONDUCT

- 7. The PLAINTIFF brings this Action against RAYTHEON on behalf of himself and on behalf of a class consisting of all individuals working as non-union, hourly employees for RAYTHEON in California during the CLASS PERIOD. The applicable "CLASS PERIOD" is defined as the period beginning on the date four (4) years prior to the filing of this Complaint and ending on a date as determined by the Court.
- 8. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON systematically failed to correctly pay the PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, for all the hours they worked, including hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday or forty (40) in a workweek. RAYTHEON used a mutable timekeeping system in which hours worked could be unilaterally erased or altered by RAYTHEON such that there existed no immutable timekeeping system that accurately recorded the Class Members hours actually worked. RAYTHEON's practice resulted in Class Members not being able to record hours in excess of eight (8) hour per day and forty (40) hours per workweek so that RAYTHEON could avoid paying premium wages. Instead, in some instances RAYTHEON provided compensatory time at straight wages to make up

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for some of the overtime hours worked.

- 9. Throughout the CLASS PERIOD, in violation of the applicable sections of the California Labor Code and the requirements of the Industrial Welfare Commission ("IWC") Wage Order, RAYTHEON as a matter of corporate policy, practice and procedure, intentionally, knowingly and systematically failed to properly record and compensate the PLAINTIFF and the Class Members for all hours worked, by failing to record and pay Class Members premium pay for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day and/or forty (40) hours per workweek. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON had in place a mutable timekeeping system that allowed RAYTHEON to unilaterally alter the hours worked. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON also prohibited the CLASS from recording hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday and forty (40) in a workweek to avoid paying them premium pay for the overtime hours worked. These uniform policies and systematic practices of RAYTHEON were intended to purposefully avoid the payment of overtime wages required by California law which allows RAYTHEON to illegally profit and gain an unfair advantage over competitors. To the extent equitable tolling operates to toll claims by the CLASS against RAYTHEON, the CLASS PERIOD should be adjusted accordingly.
- 10. All non-exempt, hourly employees working for RAYTHEON in California are similarly situated in that they are all subject to RAYTHEON's uniform policy and systematic practice that requires them to perform work without compensation as required by law.
- 11. RAYTHEON has a uniform policy and practice in California of using a mutable timekeeping system which only shows work hours of eight (8) hours per day and forty (40) hours per workweek for non-union, hourly employees. This systematic and company-wide policy originating at the corporate level is the cause of the illegal pay practices as described herein. Throughout the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON's payroll system failed to pay the PLAINTIFF and the Class Members premium pay for all the hours they worked and also failed to record all hours worked, including hours in excess of eight (8) in a workday and forty (40)

in a workweek. RAYTHEON's business demands that the Class Members perform job duties at all hours of the day and night in order to complete all the assigned work. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON failed to have in place an immutable timekeeping system which allowed the Class Members to accurately record all the hours they worked and compensates the Class Members the lawful wages due for all the hours worked.

- 12. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON uniformly violated the rights of the members of the CLASS under California law, without limitation, in the following manners:
 - (a) Violating California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Sections 11010(7) and 11040(7) and Labor Code Section 206.5 by failing to have in place an immutable timekeeping system capable of tracking, without mutation, all of the time the PLAINTIFF and the Class Members work that is not subject to unilateral modification and manipulation;
 - (b) Violating California Labor Code Sections 204, 510 and 1198 by failing to pay premium wages for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday and forty (40) hours in a workweek;
 - (c) Violating California Labor Code Section 226 by failing to provide the members of the CLASS with accurate itemized wage statements;
 - (d) Violating California Labor Code Sections 201 and 202 by failing to tender full payment and/or restitution of wages owed to the employees whose employment with DEFENDANT has terminated; and,
 - (e) Violating Business & Processions Code Section 17200, et seq., by committing acts of unfair competition in violation of the California Labor Code and public policy, by failing to record and pay the PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS wages for all hours of work, including hours in excess of eight (8) in a workday and/or forty (40) in a workweek.
 - 13. As a result of RAYTHEON's uniform policies, practices and procedures, there

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

a class will benefit the parties and the Court;

- Nearly all factual, legal, statutory, declaratory and injunctive relief issues that are raised in this Complaint are common to the CLASS and will apply
- The claims of the representative PLAINTIFF are typical of the claims of each member of the CLASS. The PLAINTIFF, like all other members of the CLASS, was not correctly compensated for all hours worked, including overtime hours incurred in the discharge of his duties because of RAYTHEON's company policies and practices. The PLAINTIFF sustained economic injuries arising from RAYTHEON's violations of the laws of California. The PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS are similarly or identically harmed by the same unlawful, deceptive, unfair and pervasive pattern of misconduct engaged in by RAYTHEON; and,
- The representative PLAINTIFF will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interest of the CLASS, and has retained counsel who are competent and experienced in Class Action litigation. There are no material conflicts between the claims of the representative PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS that would make class certification inappropriate. Counsel for the CLASS will vigorously assert the claims
- In addition to meeting the statutory prerequisites to a Class Action, this action is properly maintained as a Class Action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §382, in
 - Without class certification and determination of declaratory, injunctive, statutory and other legal questions within the class format, prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the CLASS will create the risk

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- (i) Inconsistent or varying adjudications with respect to individual members of the CLASS which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for the parties opposing the CLASS; or,
- (ii) Adjudication with respect to individual members of the CLASS which would as a practical matter be dispositive of interests of the other members not party to the adjudication or substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests;
- (b) The parties opposing the CLASS have acted on grounds generally applicable to the CLASS, making appropriate class-wide relief with respect to the CLASS as a whole in that RAYTHEON's company policies and practices failed to record and pay employees for all hours worked, and failed to properly apply the overtime rate of pay applicable to all hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday and forty (40) in a workweek; and,
- (c) Common questions of law and fact exist as to the members of the CLASS and predominate over any question affecting only individual members, and Class Action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the controversy, including consideration of:
 - (i) The interests of the members of the CLASS in individually controlling the prosecution or defense of separate actions;
 - (ii) The extent and nature of any litigation concerning the controversy already commenced by or against members of the CLASS;
 - (iii) The desirability or undesirability of concentrating the litigation of the claims in the particular forum;
 - (iv) The difficulties likely to be encountered in the management of a Class Action; and,
 - (v) The basis of RAYTHEON's policies and practices uniformly

JURISDICTION & VENUE

- 17. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure, Section 410.10 and California Business & Professions Code, Section 17203. This action is brought as a class action on behalf of similarly situated employees of RAYTHEON pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure, Section 382.
- 18. Venue is proper in this Court pursuant to the California Code of Civil Procedure, Sections 395 and 395.5, because RAYTHEON (i) currently maintains and at all relevant times maintained offices and facilities in this County, and (ii) committed wrongful conduct herein alleged in this County against members of the CLASS.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

For Unlawful, Unfair and Deceptive Business Practices [Cal. Bus. And Prof. Code §§ 17200 et. seq.] (By PLAINTIFF and the CLASS and against DEFENDANT)

- 19. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, reallege and incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 18 of this Complaint.
- 20. DEFENDANT is a "persons" as that term is defined under the California Business & Professions Code, Section 17021.
- 21. Section 17200 of the California Business & Professions Code defines unfair competition as any unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business act or practice. Section 17200 applies to violations of labor laws in the employment context. Section 17203 authorizes injunctive, declaratory, and/or other equitable relief with respect to unfair competition as follows:

Any person who engages, has engaged, or proposes to engage in unfair competition may be enjoined in any court of competent jurisdiction. The court may make such orders or judgments, including the appointment of a receiver, as may be necessary to prevent the use or employment by any person of any practice which constitutes unfair competition, as defined in this chapter, or as may be necessary to restore to any person in interest any money or property, real or

personal, which may have been acquired by means of such unfair competition.

- 22. By the conduct alleged herein, RAYTHEON's uniform policies and practices violated and continue to violate California law, and specifically provisions of the Wage Orders, the California Labor Code, including Sections 201, 202, 204, 204.3, 206.5, 210, 510 and 1198, and the California Code of Regulations, title 8, sections 11010 and 11040, for which this Court should issue equitable and injunctive relief, pursuant to Section 17203 of the California Business & Professions Code, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.
- 23. By the conduct alleged herein, RAYTHEON's practices were unfair in that these practices violate public policy, are immoral, unethical, oppressive, unscrupulous or substantially injurious to employees, and are without valid justification or utility, for which this Court should issue equitable and injunctive relief, pursuant to Section 17203 of the California Business & Professions Code, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.
- 24. By the conduct alleged herein, RAYTHEON's practices were deceptive and fraudulent in that RAYTHEON's uniform practice was to represent to its employees that they were not entitled to compensation for all hours worked, when in fact these representations were false and likely to deceive, for which this Court should issue equitable and injunctive relief, pursuant to Section 17203 of the California Business and Professions Code, including restitution of wages wrongfully withheld.
- 25. By and through the unfair and unlawful business practices described herein, RAYTHEON has obtained valuable property, money, and services from the PLAINTIFF, and from the Class Members, and has deprived them of valuable rights and benefits guaranteed by law and contract, all to the detriment of the employees and to the benefit of DEFENDANT so as to allow DEFENDANT to unfairly compete against competitors who comply with the law.
- 26. All the acts described herein as violations of, among other things, the California Labor Code, California Code of Regulations, and the Industrial Welfare Commission Wage Orders, are unlawful and in violation of public policy; and are immoral, unethical, oppressive, and unscrupulous, are deceptive, and thereby constitute unfair, deceptive and unlawful business

practices in violation of the California Business and Professions Code, Sections 17200 et. seq. DEFENDANT's conduct was also deceptive in that DEFENDANT represented to PLAINTIFF and the others members of the CLASS that they were not entitled to report, record and receive compensation for all hours worked, including overtime wages for hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours in a workday, forty (40) hours in a work week, and on seven (7) consecutive days.

- 27. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, are entitled to, and do, seek such relief as may be necessary to restore to them the money and property which DEFENDANT has acquired, or of which PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, have been deprived, by means of the above described unlawful and unfair business practices.
- 28. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, are further entitled to, and do, seek a declaration that the above described business practices are unfair and unlawful and that an injunctive relief should be issued restraining RAYTHEON from engaging in any of these unfair and unlawful business practices in the future.
- 29. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, have no plain, speedy, and/or adequate remedy at law that will end the unfair and unlawful business practices of RAYTHEON. Further, the practices herein alleged presently continue to occur unabated. As a result of the unfair and unlawful business practices described herein, the PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, have suffered and will continue to suffer irreparable harm unless RAYTHEON is restrained from continuing to engage in these unfair and unlawful business practices. In addition, compensation to the PLAINTIFF as well as to the other members of the CLASS.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

For Failure To Pay Overtime Wages

[Cal. Lab. Code §§ 201, 202, 203, 204, 204.3 210, 218, 510, 1194 & 1198] (By PLAINTIFF and the CLASS and against DEFENDANT)

30. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, reallege and incorporate by this reference,

as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 29 of this Complaint.

21 PLAINTIEE and the Class Members, bring a claim for DEET.

- 31. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, bring a claim for DEFENDANT's willful and intentional violations of the California Labor Code, Sections 201, 202, 204, 206.5, 210, 510, 515, 558, 1198, and California Code of Regulations, Title 8, Sections 11010 and 11040 for DEFENDANT's failure to accurately record and pay them for all the hours they worked, including hours worked in excess of eight (8) per workday and/or forty (40) per workweek, and on seven (7) consecutive days.
- 32. Pursuant to California Labor Code Section 204, other applicable laws and regulations, and public policy, an employer must timely pay its employees for all hours worked. Labor Code Section 201 and 202 require DEFENDANT to pay all wages due to an employee whose employment terminated.
- 33. California Labor Code Section 510 further provides that employees in California shall not be employed more than eight (8) hours in any workday, forty (40) hours in a workweek, and on seven (7) consecutive days unless they receive additional compensation beyond their regular wages in amounts specified by law.
- 34. California Labor Code Section 1194 establishes an employee's right to recover unpaid wages, including overtime compensation and interest thereon, together with the costs of suit. Section 1198 of the California Labor Code states that the employment of an employee for longer hours than those fixed by the Industrial Welfare Commission is unlawful.
- 35. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON maintained a uniform wage practice of paying the PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, without regard to the number of hours they actually worked. As set forth herein, DEFENDANT's policy and practice was to intentionally and uniformly deny timely payment of wages due, including overtime wages, PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS, and RAYTHEON in fact failed to pay these employees for all hours worked, including hours worked in excess of eight (8) in any workday and forty (40) in a workweek, and on seven (7) consecutive days.
 - 36. RAYTHEON's uniform pattern of unlawful wage and hour practices manifested,

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without limitation, in the following respects applicable to the CLASS as a whole:

- (a) Implementing a uniform policy and systematic practice that denied overtime compensation to the members of the CLASS, including the PLAINTIFF, for all the hours they worked, including hours in excess of eight (8) in a workday and/or forty (40) in a workweek; and,
- (b) Having in place a mutable timekeeping system that kept the members of the CLASS from properly recording the actual amount of time they worked in order to avoid paying them for all overtime hours they worked.
- 37. In committing these violations of the California Labor Code, RAYTHEON inaccurately and under-reported the actual time worked and RAYTHEON underpaid the actual amount of hours they worked, in violation of California Labor Code Section 206.5. RAYTHEON acted in an illegal attempt to avoid payment of earned wages, overtime compensation and other benefits in violation of the California Labor Code, the Industrial Welfare Commission requirements, and other applicable laws and regulations.
- 38. As a direct result of RAYTHEON's unlawful wage practices as alleged herein, the PLAINTIFF and the Class Members did not receive adequate compensation for all the hours they actually worked for RAYTHEON's benefit, including hours worked in excess of eight (8) in a workday and/or forty (40) in a workweek, and on seven (7) consecutive days.
- 39. California Labor Code Section 515 sets out various categories of employees who are exempt from the overtime requirements of the law. None of these exemptions are applicable to PLAINTIFF and the Class Members. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members, were classified by DEFENDANT as non-exempt from overtime and performed non-exempt job duties.
- 40. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members were classified as non-exempt from overtime by RAYTHEON. None of the exemptions are applicable to the CLASS based on their job duties. Further, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members are not subject to a valid collective bargaining agreement that would preclude the causes of action contained herein this Complaint. Rather, PLAINTIFF brings this Action on behalf of himself and the

members of the CLASS based on DEFENDANT's violations of non-negotiable, non-waiveable rights provided by the state of California.

- 41. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members worked more hours than they were paid for and/or were paid less for hours worked that they were entitled to, constituting a failure to pay all earned wages. During the CLASS PERIOD, PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, regularly worked more than eight (8) hours in any workday and forty (40) hours in a workweek.
- 42. DEFENDANT failed to accurately pay PLAINTIFF and the Class Members wages for all the hours they actually worked, including hours in excess of the maximum hours permissible by law as required by the California Labor Code, Sections 204, 510 and 1198, even though PLAINTIFF and the Class Members were regularly required to work, and did in fact work, hours that RAYTHEON never recorded, as evidenced by RAYTHEON's business records and witnessed by employees.
- 43. By virtue of DEFENDANT's unlawful failure to pay compensation to PLAINTIFF and the Class Members accurately for the true number of hours they worked, PLAINTIFF and the Class Members have suffered and will continue to suffer an economic injury in amounts which are presently unknown to them and which will be ascertained according to proof at trial.
- 44. During the CLASS PERIOD, RAYTHEON knew or should have known that the PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS worked hours that they were not compensated for, including hours in excess of eight (8) in any workday and forty (40) in a workweek. RAYTHEON systematically elected, either through intentional malfeasance or gross nonfeasance, not to pay employees the correct amount for their labor as a matter of uniform corporate policy, practice and procedure, and to perpetrate this systematic scheme, RAYTHEON refused to institute an immutable timekeeping system that would allow employees to record the actual numbers of hours worked.
- 45. In performing the acts and practices herein alleged in violation of labor laws and refusing to compensate the Class Members for all the hours they worked and provide the

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requisite overtime compensation, RAYTHEON acted and continues to act intentionally, oppressively, and maliciously toward PLAINTIFF, and toward the Class Members, with a conscious of and utter disregard for their legal rights, or the consequences to them, and with the despicable intent of depriving them of their property and legal rights, and otherwise causing them injury in order to increase corporate profits at the expense of PLAINTIFF and the Class Members.

- 46. RAYTHEON's respective failure to accurately record the hours worked by the CLASS and pay the proper amount of overtime compensation to PLAINTIFF and the CLASS Members violates IWC Wage Orders No. 1 and 4 and the California Labor Code, Sections 201, 202, 204, 206.5, 210, 218, 510, 1194 and 1198, and is therefore unlawful.
- 47. Therefore, PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, request recovery of unpaid overtime compensation according to proof, interest, statutory costs, as well as the assessment of any statutory penalties against DEFENDANT, in a sum as provided by the California Labor Code and/or other applicable statutes. In addition, to the extent wages are determined to be owed to PLAINTIFF and Class Members whose employment has terminated, these employees are further entitled to waiting time penalties under Section 203 of the California Labor Code, which are sought herein.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

For Failure to Provide Accurate Itemized Statements [Cal. Lab. Code § 226]

(By PLAINTIFF and the CLASS and against DEFENDANT)

- 48. PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, reallege and incorporate by this reference, as though fully set forth herein, paragraphs 1 through 47 of this Complaint.
- 49. Pursuant to the California Labor Code, Section 226, an employer must furnish employees with an "accurate itemized statement in writing" showing all of the following items: (1) gross wages earned, (2) total hours worked by the employee, except for any employee whose compensation is solely based on a salary and who is exempt from payment of overtime under

 subdivision (a) of Section 515 or any applicable order of the Industrial Welfare Commission, (3) the number of piecerate units earned and any applicable piece rate if the employee is paid on a piece-rate basis, (4) all deductions, provided that all deductions made on written orders of the employee may be aggregated and shown as one item, (5) net wages earned, (6) the inclusive dates of the period for which the employee is paid, (7) the name of the employee and his or her social security number, except that by January 1, 2008, only the last four digits of his or her social security number or an employee identification number other than a social security number may be shown on the itemized statement, (8) the name and address of the legal entity that is the employer, and (9) all applicable hourly rates in effect during the pay period and the corresponding number of hours worked at each hourly rate by the employee. See California Labor Code § 226.

- 50. At all relevant times mentioned herein, RAYTHEON violated California Labor Code Section 226 with respect to the PLAINTIFF and the members of the CLASS, without limitation, in that RAYTHEON inaccurately or completely failed to record and report all the hours they actually worked on their pay stubs, including regular and overtime hours worked, as well as their gross wages earned.
- 51. This failure was the result of RAYTHEON's intentional refusal to institute an immutable timekeeping system to accurately record all hours worked by the employees and RAYTHEON's orders and instructions to the members of the CLASS to exclude and delete the true amount of hours they worked, including overtime hours, from the actual hours that should have been reported on their time sheets, and this miscalculation of the applicable regular rate as herein alleged.
- 52. RAYTHEON knowingly and intentionally failed to comply with California Labor Code Section 226, causing damages to the PLAINTIFF and the Class Members. These damages include, but are not limited to, unpaid wages for all hours actually worked, the costs expended calculating the true hours worked and the amount of employment taxes which were not properly paid to state and federal tax authorities. These damages may be difficult to estimate. Therefore, the PLAINTIFF, and the Class Members, may recover liquidated damages of \$50.00 for the

1	initial pay po	eriod in which the violation occurred, and \$100.00 for each violation in subsequen	
2	pay period pursuant to California Labor Code Section 226, in an amount according to proof a		
3	the time of trial (but in no event more than \$4,000.00 for PLAINTIFF and each respectiv		
4	member of the CLASS herein), plus statutory costs, pursuant to California Labor Code Sectio		
5	226(g).		
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7		PRAYER	
8	WHI	EREFOR, the PLAINTIFF prays for judgment against DEFENDANT as follows:	
9	1. For the First Cause of Action:		
10	A)	That the Court certify the First Cause of Action asserted by the CLASS as a	
11		class action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §382;	
12	В)	An order temporarily, preliminarily and permanently enjoining and restraining	
13		Defendant from engaging in unfair competition as set forth herein;	
14	C)	Disgorgement of Defendant's ill-gotten gains into a fluid fund for restitution	
15		of the sums incidental to Defendant's violations due to PLAINTIFF and to the	
16		Class Members as unpaid wages.	
17	2. For the Second and Third Causes of Action:		
18	A)	That the Court certify the Second and Third Causes of Action asserted by the	
19	·	CLASS as a class action pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure §382;	
20	В)	Compensatory damages, according to proof at trial, including compensatory	
21		damages for overtime compensation and wages due PLAINTIFF and the	
22		CLASS Members, during the applicable CLASS PERIOD plus interest thereon	
23		at the statutory rate;	
24	C)	The wages of all terminated employees from the CLASS as a penalty from the	
25		due date therefore at the same rate, in accordance with Section 203 of the	
26	Ì	California Labor Code; and,	
27	D)	The greater of all actual damages or fifty dollars (\$50) for the initial pay	

period in which a violation occurs and one hundred dollars (\$100) per each

member of the CLASS for each violation in a subsequent pay period, not 1 exceeding an aggregate penalty of four thousand dollars (\$4,000), and an 2 award of costs for violation of Cal. Lab. Code § 226. 3 3. On all claims: 4 An award of interest, including prejudgment interest at the legal rate; A) 5 An award of penalties and costs of suit, but neither this prayer nor any other B) 6 allegation or prayer in this Complaint is to be construed as a request, under any circumstance, that would result in a request for attorneys' fees under Cal. Lab. 8 Code § 218.5; and, 9 Such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable. 10 C) 11 BLUMENTHAL, NORDREHAUG & Dated: October 7, 2010 **BHOWMIK** 12 13 14 Attorneys for Plaintiff 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

The PLAINTIFF demands a jury trial on issues triable to a jury.

Dated: October 7, 2010

BLUMENTHAL, NORDREHAUG & BHOWMIK

Norman B. Blumenthal Attorneys for Plaintiff