LEGAL ALERT

SUTHERLAND

December 19, 2012

FINRA Reverses Course and Issues Guidance Changing Its Interpretation Regarding the Key Issues of "Potential Investors" and Non-Security Recommendations

Background

FINRA's new suitability requirement, Rule 2011, went into effect July 9, 2012. Because the rule was such a departure from prior standards, FINRA issued Regulatory Notice 12-25 (May 2012) to explain the rule and to clarify its implications. In an unusual regulatory do-over, on December 10, 2012, less than six months after the effective date of the rule, FINRA issued Regulatory Notice 12-55 (December 2012) changing its interpretation regarding certain key issues. View the full <u>RN 12-55</u>.

"Potential Investors" (Also Known as Non-Customers)

FINRA's new suitability rule does not explicitly address the issue of suitability obligations to noncustomers, which FINRA calls "potential investors." In Question 6 to its Regulatory Notice 12-25, FINRA raised quite a few eyebrows when it noted that a broker-dealer's suitability obligations may extend to "an individual or entity with whom a broker dealer has even an informal business relationship...(such as) when a broker recommends a security to a *potential* investor, even if that potential investor does not have an account at the firm." (emphasis in original) This language led some to conclude that suitability obligations could apply even to informal recommendations made at a social gathering, such as a holiday party. In RN 12-55, FINRA withdrew Question 6 issued in May and instead substituted a new Question and Answer 6(b). This clarification appears to resolve the issue of when the suitability rule applies to informal investment advice provided by an associated person in a non-traditional setting. According to RN 12-55, "the suitability rule would not apply to the recommendation....if the potential investor does not act on the recommendation or executes the recommended transaction away from the broker-dealer with which the registered person is associated without the broker-dealer receiving compensation for the transaction."

If the potential investor, in fact, establishes an account and acts on the recommendation (and thus becomes a "customer"), the suitability of the recommendation is evaluated based upon the circumstances that existed at the time the recommendation was made, and the suitability obligation is triggered after the account is opened and the transaction occurs.

Non-Securities

FINRA also withdrew Question 10 from RN 12-25, which dealt with suitability obligations that attach to a recommendation to purchase or sell a non-security product. Under newly substituted Question 10, suitability obligations apply only if there is a security and non-security component to the transaction. For example, if a registered person simply recommends that a customer open a home equity loan or draw down credit on that loan, there is no suitability concern. If, however, the recommendation is to draw down on home equity credit and purchase stocks, then the suitability analysis applies to both the non-security recommendation (liquefy home equity) and the security transaction (buy stocks).

^{© 2012} Sutherland Asbill & Brennan LLP. All Rights Reserved.

This communication is for general informational purposes only and is not intended to constitute legal advice or a recommended course of action in any given situation. This communication is not intended to be, and should not be, relied upon by the recipient in making decisions of a legal nature with respect to the issues discussed herein. The recipient is encouraged to consult independent coursel before making any decisions or taking any action concerning the matters in this communication. This communication does not create an attorney-client relationship between Sutherland and the recipient.

The footnotes to RN 12-55 make clear that the guidance applies only to a broker-dealer's suitability obligations and is not intended to limit a broker's obligations under related rules, including, but not limited to, selling away or private securities transactions.

. . .

If you have any questions about this Legal Alert, please feel free to contact any of the attorneys listed below or the Sutherland attorney with whom you regularly work.

Authors		
Clifford E. Kirsch	212.389.5052	clifford.kirsch@sutherland.com
<u>Susan S. Krawczyk</u>	202.383.0197	susan.krawczyk@sutherland.com
S. Lawrence Polk	404.853.8225	larry.polk@sutherland.com
Brian L. Rubin	202.383.0124	brian.rubin@sutherland.com
Related Attorneys		
Peter J. Anderson	404.853.8414	peter.anderson@sutherland.com
Eric A. Arnold	202.383.0741	eric.arnold@sutherland.com
Keith J. Barnett	404.853.8384	keith.barnett@sutherland.com
Bruce Bettigole	202.383.0165	bruce.bettigole@sutherland.com
Olga Greenberg	404.853.8274	olga.greenberg@sutherland.com
Cheryl L. Haas	404.853.8521	cheryl.haas@sutherland.com
Deborah G. Heilizer	202.383.0858	deb.heilizer@sutherland.com
Michael B. Koffler	212.389.5014	michael.koffler@sutherland.com
Neil S. Lang	202.383.0277	neil.lang@sutherland.com
Holly H. Smith	202.383.0245	holly.smith@sutherland.com
John H. Walsh	202.383.0818	john.walsh@sutherland.com
Bryan M. Ward	404.853.8249	bryan.ward@sutherland.com