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SCAFFOLDS

A severe or fatal accident often atimulates an employer to an interest in prevention. What recommendations had been urged upon him previously without success are now accepted warmly and even exceeded, after a disaster has

occurred.

It is a pity that employers can not be atimulated to interest themselves in prevention before rather than after the fact. What characterizes the far-seeing, capable, efficient employer from the impotent and harassed is that cient employer from the impotent and harassed is that the former aims to provide against disaster rather than to pay for it when it occurs, because if care is not taken disaster will occur.

ASBESTOS

What is asbestos? It is a unique substance of rocky formation which resists heat, water and wear. It can be span, woven or molded into any necessary form. There are several varieties containing various proportions of silicate of magnesia. Breathing the dust of this substance is bad for the health just as the breathing of almost any other foreign substance is deleterious. Workers who have to handle asbestos fibre or material should avoid as far as possible breathing the dust and employers should take care to have suitable ventilation in places where aslestos dust is generated.

It is quite probable that the disease resulting from the breathing of asbestos dust will be similar to that resulting from silics. If that he so, manufacturers or handlers of askestos products might begin here and now to present trouble because of the fact that, like silicosis, the disease can be presented—there is no cure.

ONLY AN ACCIDENT

As the watchman was making his rounds in the evenlag he found a worker lying dead on the road under the conveyor. Nothing can be done for the dead; nothing for the sorrowing family; but what was the cause? Something may be done to prevent such accidents in the future. Let us look at the situation. We may find the conveyor improperly guarded, a worker improperly instructed or, if given instruction, not heeding it. Here are the three signments that make for fatalities. Here are the conditions which, if remedied, make for safety and the preservation of life.

Employer, look to safety in your plant. The conditions here may be such that a fatality is possible, nay, even probable. Further, see that your worker has no excuse for saying "I did not know." Get your employees into the "safety habit" for that is the greatest protection of all. It guards the worker mainly against the common hazards, it is true, but it also prevents him from taking risks and provides against the unusual dangers which may arise at any time.

ENGINEERING DIVISION'S REPORT

The total amount of money expenditure represented by the 49 plans of construction work on factories, mercantile establishments and places of public assembly, as submitted to the Department's Division of Engineering during the month of March, was \$564,497. In February the total amount was \$692,113, and in March, 1933, \$331,000.

The plans that were received included three new factory buildings, twelve buildings to be used as mercantile establishments and five to be used as places of public assemily. The new factory buildings represent a total expenditure of \$245,000; the new mercantile buildings represent an outlay of \$108,150, and the plans of the new buildings to be used as places of public assembly called for an expenditure of \$25,000. The total amount of money represented in the plans relating to factories was \$355,057; for mercantile establishments \$154,050, and for places of public assembly \$54,700.

The plans came from 20 counties of the State. Niagara county submitted four plans calling for an outlay of \$180.600. Weatchester county submitted eight plans calling for an outlay of \$110.350. Dutchess county submitted five plans calling for an expenditure of \$51,700. Orleans county submitted one plan calling for an outlay of \$45,600; Fulton county submitted three plans calling for an outlay of \$41,000; Nassau county submitted two plana calling for an outlay of \$33,200; Eric county submitted seven plans calling for an expenditure of \$22,357; Sullivan county submitted two plans calling for an outlay of \$22,000.

During the month the Division examined a total of 75 plans. Of this number 45 were approved, 17 were disapproved and 13 were examined in connection with petitions for variations. Of the approval plans 22 related to mercantile establishments, 10 to factories and four to places of public assembly. Of the disapprovals nine related to mercantile establishments, five to factories and three to places of public assembly.

Details of plans are as follows:

•	Factories		Cost / \$245,000
New hulldings		-	85,400
Alexations		• •	. 600
Tire escapes		• =	14,667
Elevators		. ,	1 441001
		18	\$355,687
Merc	cantile Establishn	nent# 12	\$108,150
New buildings		. 8	43,400
Alterations		ì	.``` 2,500
Elevators			
	• •	21	\$154,050
T!ac	es of Public Asse	embly	\$25,000
New buildings		••	29,500
Alterations		••	200
Exite			
·		10	\$54,700
Albany	erch Plans by Con	inties 2	\$3,500
Broome		2	7,500 4,600
Cayura		2	
Chemung		1	2,000
Dutchess		5	51,700 22,387
Erie		7	1,800
T1:1:			41,000
Fulton			6,000
			33,260
N7		• • •	180,600
			9.700
. ^ _1 `			45,000
Orleans		!	- 600
			1.000
- CA TAMPARCA			6,000 600
- Ceaulian		• • •	
Sullivan		2	22,000
			13,000
m Westeliester			10000

20

WAGONER P. 45 L. 25 P. 46 L. 14