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SETTING THE TABLE

Current Issues in Food Transport, Storage and Security from Benesch's Transportation & Logistics Practice Group

But We Did Everything Right?: Why Agreements with Shippers are Necessary for Carriers to Protect Themselves from Temperature-Control Liability Under the FSMA



Christopher J. Lalak

As food transporters grapple with the myriad of compliance issues raised by the Food Safety Modernization Act and the FDA's looming proposed "Food Safety Rule on the Sanitary Transportation

of Human and Animal Food," carriers of temperature-controlled product must be mindful that minimizing liability will require more than adherence to the language of the proposed rule in a vacuum.

In [February's edition of Setting the Table](#), we examined how the proposed rule's total delegation of temperature requirements to shippers puts carriers in a position to face unprecedented liability for freight claims. Here, we explore a gap in the proposed rule's framework which goes further, exposing carriers to risk *even if they do everything the proposed rule asks*.

As previously discussed, the proposed rule mandates that carriers document that they have abided by shipper-determined temperature tolerances from loading through transit. To ensure strict adherence to these tolerances, the proposed rule requires recorded pre-cooling of trailers to the shipper-determined temperature prior to loading of product, and even goes so far

as to mandate continuous monitoring of trailer temperatures throughout shipment.

Notably, however, the proposed rule is devoid of any requirement that the shipper prove that it has adhered to its *own standards* prior to loading. Indeed, there is no mandate that the shipper demonstrate to the carrier that its product is at the shipper-set temperature before it enters the trailer.

Loading product that is even slightly "hot" at its core can cause variations in the trailer's air temperature, in turn leading to temperatures which quickly fall outside of the shipper's specifications shortly after the trailer has pulled away from the loading dock.

The proposed rule leaves no room for error, finding even slight, temporary deviations from the shipper-determined temperature specification during shipment enough to render the food "adulterated." Thus, the proposed rule puts carriers in the position of assuming liability for the loss of product, even when it has done everything within its power to maintain FSMA compliance.

Although the FDA's proposed framework puts carriers in an unfair situation, carriers can reduce their exposure by educating their drivers on this risk and training their drivers to take the product's temperature at the time of loading.

This measure alone, however, cannot provide full protection for the carrier, as the internal "pulp" temperature of the product being shipped may also differ from the external temperature of the product (or the packaging in which it is shipped). A variance in the internal temperature of the product can substantially impact the air temperature in the trailer, and thus the carrier may still be left in a position to shoulder an unfair loss.

Accordingly, to truly protect themselves from assuming this blind risk, carriers should engage shippers and seek to enter into agreements whereby the carrier is permitted to take a "pulp" temperature of a sample of product prior to shipment. In light of the proposed rule, which is quite unforgiving to carriers in its draft form, failure to fully inspect even the internal temperature of product being hauled will put carriers in the position of assuming complete loss for reasons completely out of their control.

For more information

Contact **CHRISTOPHER J. LALAK** at clalak@beneschlaw.com or (216) 363-4557.

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CHRISTOPHER J. LALAK is an associate in the firm's Labor & Employment Practice Group. He focuses his practice on representing employers in employment litigation and counseling, as well as representing employers in traditional labor law matters. Chris has experience litigating discrimination claims, covenants not to compete, trade secrets, and worker's compensation cases.

Chris brings additional industry experience to the firm's Transportation & Logistics Group. Having worked as a distribution manager in grocery wholesale operation for over four years prior to joining Benesch, Chris is intimately familiar with all of the "real world" operational aspects of refrigerated, frozen, and dry warehousing and distribution. Prior to joining Benesch, Chris served honorably as an Officer in the United States Marine Corps.

Chris works out of the firm's Cleveland office, attends industry conferences, and is an active participant in multiple organizations dedicated to transportation, logistics, and warehousing.

Additional Information

For additional information, please contact:

Transportation & Logistics Practice Group

Michael J. Barrie at (302) 442-7068 or mbarrie@beneschlaw.com
Marc S. Blubaugh at (614) 223-9382 or mblubaugh@beneschlaw.com
Tamar Gontovnik at (216) 363-4658 or tgontovnik@beneschlaw.com
Matthew D. Gurbach at (216) 363-4413 or mgurbach@beneschlaw.com
James M. Hill at (216) 363-4444 or jhill@beneschlaw.com
Jennifer R. Hoover at (302) 442-7006 or jhoover@beneschlaw.com
J. Allen Jones III at (614) 223-9323 or ajones@beneschlaw.com
Thomas B. Kern at (614) 223-9369 or tkern@beneschlaw.com
Peter N. Kirsanow at (216) 363-4481 or pkirsanow@beneschlaw.com
David M. Krueger at (216) 363-4683 or dkrueger@beneschlaw.com
Christopher J. Lalak at (216) 363-4557 or clalak@beneschlaw.com
Tamara L. Maynard at (614) 223-9378 or tmaynard@beneschlaw.com
Andi M. Metzel at (317) 685-6159 or ametzel@beneschlaw.com
Kelly E. Mulrane at (614) 223-9318 or kmulrane@beneschlaw.com
Steven A. Oldham at (614) 223-9374 or soldham@beneschlaw.com
Lianzhong Pan at (86 21) 3222-0388 or lpn@beneschlaw.com
Martha J. Payne at (541) 764-2859 or mpayne@beneschlaw.com
Stephanie S. Penninger at (317) 685-6188 or spenninger@beneschlaw.com
Richard A. Plewacki at (216) 363-4159 or rplewacki@beneschlaw.com
Peter K. Shelton at (216) 363-4169 or pshelton@beneschlaw.com
Clare R. Taft at (216) 363-4435 or ctaft@beneschlaw.com
Katie Tesner at (614) 223-9359 or ktesner@beneschlaw.com
Eric L. Zalud at (216) 363-4178 or ezalud@beneschlaw.com

www.beneschlaw.com

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