Introduction of financial aid measures in support of businesses facing the Covid-19 crisis

April 2020

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# **Executive summary**

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Faced with the impact of the Covid-19 health crisis on the local and European economy, the President of the French Republic and the government announced several emergency measures in order to support businesses in difficulty.

On 22 March 2020, the French Parliament has passed a bill enabling the government to take measures by way of ordinance, to support the businesses impacted by the Covid-19 health crisis (hereinafter, the "**Emergency Law**"). On such basis, the government adopted a series of ordinances on 25, 26 and 27 March 2020.

Furthermore, the European Commission has indicated that Member states were enabled to implement the measures necessary to support their national economies.

The purpose of this note is to present these emergency financial measures implemented by the French government to contain the economic consequences of the health crisis.

# 1. DEFERRED TERMS OF PAYMENT AND REBATES FOR SOCIAL CONTRIBUTIONS AND DIRECT TAXES

# How to obtain a deferral of taxes and social contributions?

Tax Deadlines				
Eligibility		tax instalments, payroll tax, t taxes cannot be deferred		usiness value-added tax.
	Unpaid instalments	Paid instalments	Monthly contracts	Self employed
Formalities required	<ul> <li>Sending a standard request form by email to the corporate tax department</li> <li>The form can be downloaded from <u>www.impots.gouv.fr</u></li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Companies have the possibility of cancelling the SEPA direct debit payment with their bank</li> <li>if such payment is already effective, they also have the possibility of requesting a refund from the SIE.</li> </ul>	For the payment of the Corporate Property Tax (Cotisation Foncière des Entreprises, CFE) or property tax, it is possible to suspend them on www.impots.gouv.fr or by contacting the direct debit service center	<ul> <li>It is possible to adjust the rate and withheld advance payments at any time</li> <li>These procedures are accessible via the special page on <u>www.impots.gouv.fr</u>, under the heading "Manage my direct debit"</li> </ul>

		Social contributions	
<u>Eligibility</u>	<ul> <li>&gt; employee and employer social contributions, general social contributions (CSG), social security contributions (CRDS) and vocational training contributions (CFP), complementary pension contributions (the company is invited to contact the complementary pension institution for this).</li> <li>&gt; The 5 April deadline can be extended; if necessary, the deadline of 15 April may also be extended.</li> </ul>		
Formalities required	<u>Via DSN</u> • For the deadline of 5 April, companies can send their DSN until 5 April at 11:59 p.m. • Companies can then adjust their SEPA payment (amount to 0 or partial payment)	<u>No DSN</u> • The company can adjust the amount of its bank transfer or not make a transfer at all	Self employed • instalments due on 5 April, like that of 20 March, are not collected • Such amounts will be smoothed over subsequent due dates (April to December) • Self-employed workers can carry out their procedures on the site <u>www.secu- independants.fr</u>

→ Deferrals are, in principle, granted automatically, without any conditions and without any penalty; no proof is required; all the procedures are dematerialized and can be carried out by sending an email to the corporate tax service (SIE) and on the URSSAF website.

## **1.3** What are the deferred terms of payment?

→ payments of direct taxes and social contributions can be postponed for up to <u>3 months</u>. The social contributions and taxes subject to these deferrals will be paid later, according to "rescheduling measures" which have yet to be determined.

Specific provisions:

- → For the self employed: advance payments on withholding tax due can be carried over from one month to the next for taxpayers subject to monthly direct debit payments or from one guarter to the next for taxpayers subject to guarterly levies.
- → Concerning taxpayers with a monthly payment contract for the payment of the Corporate Property Tax (Cotisation Foncière des Entreprises, CFE) or property tax: the amount of suspended tax will be deducted at the time of the balance payment.
- The Minister of Economy and Finance said that "as long as the crisis lasts, there will be a delay". It is therefore not excluded that payments of direct taxes and social contributions could be postponed in the longer term

# <u>Focus</u>: No deferral of tax or social deadlines for companies distributing dividends to their shareholders.

The French Minister of the Economy and Finance declared that the companies which would decide to maintain their annual distributions of dividends (i) could not profit from the deferrals and (ii) should regularize their situation if they already benefited from it, with application of an interest penalty.

The French Ministry of Economy and Finance should soon publish a circular specifying these exclusions, which should, *a priori*, only concern companies which employ at least 5,000 employees and which have achieved, for the last financial year ended, a turnover of over 1.5 billion euros.

This information has yet to be confirmed.

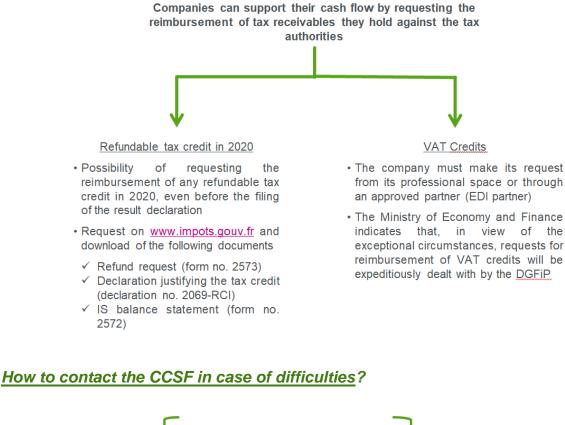
#### Is it possible to request direct tax rebates?

Companies "seriously at risk" may request rebates on direct taxes, late payment interest and penalties for which they are liable.

Direct tax rebates will be granted by the competent tax authorities on a **case-by-case analysis** of the situation of the requesting companies, if the deferred payment does not suffice to overcome the experienced difficulties. For this reason, the rebate request must be accompanied by evidence justifying the payment failure (decline in turnover; amount, type and maturity of other debts to be serviced; cash position, and any other element providing a sufficient justification for such rebate request).

This request should be made on the following website: <u>www.impots.gouv.fr/portail/node/13465</u>.

### How to obtain the reimbursement of VAT receivables and corporate tax credits (IS)?



... from the head office department of

- the company or main address...
- ... entered by the company or, where applicable, the *ad hoc* representative ...
- ... by sending by post a file consisting of a standard form and the following documents:
  - ✓ certificate justifying the financial difficulties encountered
  - ✓ certificate on honor justifying the payment of the share salary of social contributions
  - ✓ last three balance sheets
  - ✓ forecast of net turnover and cash
  - ✓ current statement of cash <u>fundings</u>
  - detailed statement of tax and social contributions

... may grant companies experiencing financial difficulties with **deferral of payments** to pay their tax and social contributions (employer share), in complete confidentiality...

... <u>subject to</u> the company being up to date with the filing of its tax and social declarations and the payment of employee contributions and premiums as well as withholding tax, and must not have been sentenced for work concealed

French Commission of heads of financial services (CCSF) ...

# 2. BPI MEASURES IN ORDER TO SUPPORT THE CASH FLOW OF COMPANIES

### Introduction

The Emergency Law enables the French government to enhance the capacity of the Public Investment Bank to provide guarantees. Simultaneously, BPI has announced aid measures to deal with economic difficulties directly linked to the consequences of the Covid-19 health crisis.

These measures are however <u>not automatic</u>, in particular for companies whose results have been lossmaking in the last financial year or previous years. They are reserved for companies whose difficulties are due to the current situation and result from the health crisis of Covid-19. Prior to the request, companies are invited to:

- find the banking partner(s) who will agree to support them; and
- verify the eligibility of their file with regard to the conditions set by BPI, in particular by taking care to present how the current situation is the source of the difficulties they encountered.

### Which companies are eligible for the BPI guarantee?

- ➔ The companies eligible for the BPI guarantee are VSEs/SMEs and ETIs:
  - → whatever their date of creation, who are experiencing or are likely to experience cash flow difficulties that are not due to their own structure ; and
  - regardless of the level of ownership of their capital by one or more venture capital or private equity firms.

# What are the terms of the BPI guarantee?

Are eligible to the guarantee	<ul> <li>new instalment repayable loans such as medium or long-term (2 to 7 years) loans, credit equipment or property leases, finance leases;</li> <li>new short-term loans to finance the operating cycle of companies such as overdrafts, cash facilities, cash discounts, Dailly assignments, collateralization of receivables arising from export, and which have been confirmed over a period of 12 to 18 months</li> </ul>	
Are excluded	<ul> <li>loans repayable at maturity</li> <li>refinancing of medium or long-term outstanding loans</li> <li>purely asset-based operations (cash out, self-supply),</li> <li>redemption of convertible bonds and credit repurchase transactions</li> <li>contingent commitments such as guarantees, first demand guarantees, documentary credits, etc.</li> </ul>	
Maximum <u>Risk</u>	EUR 5 million for <u>SMEs</u> EUR 30 million for <u>ETIs</u>	
Guarantee cover	90% of the amount of loans taken out by companies	
Formalities	Companies should contact their usual credit institution, which will contact the regional management of the BPI; Requests must be submitted via the extranet.bpifrance.fr/partenaire website or sent by email.	

The detailed terms and conditions for these measures are given in Annexes 1 and 2 below.

#### Focus: Uncertainties on the type of loans that can be guaranteed by the BPI scheme

The BPI seems to limit the granting of its guarantees to "new financing", while the European Commission, in its decision validating the BPI guarantee scheme with regard to the regulation of State aid, retained that these guarantees could be granted for "*new or existing*" funding.

# <u>Are companies already experiencing difficulties before the Covid-19 crisis eligible</u> <u>for BPI aid measures</u>?

To benefit from the BPI guarantee, companies must not be in difficulty, within the meaning of EU law, which means that they must comply with the following criteria: not subject to any collective proceedings<sup>1</sup>

- no net worth less than half of the share capital over the last financial years
- debt/equity ratio not exceeding 7.5 over the last two financial years
- interest coverage ratio on the basis of EBITDA is not less than 1.0 for the past two financial years

1 The opening of a procedure to prevent difficulties (ad hoc mandate, conciliation) does not deprive companies of the benefit of the BPI's aid measures, as long as the criteria set out above are met.

- However, pursuant to the EC Decision validating the BPI guarantee scheme with regard to the regulations on State aid, companies in difficulty can benefit from this scheme as long as they were not already in difficulty (with regard to as of 31 December 2019 and that their difficulties appeared following the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Moreover, it seems that companies which are in the process of **opening a safeguard or debt recovery plan**, and which respect this plan, are not excluded from the guarantee mechanism of the BPI. This information must however be confirmed.

#### Does the BPI provide for the direct supply of fresh liquidity to companies?

→ The BPI can grant the following loans to companies experiencing cash flow difficulties linked to the Covid-19 health crisis:

Prêt Atout	<ul> <li><u>Scope</u>: financing of a temporary cash requirement linked to the economic situation</li> <li><u>Beneficiaries</u>: SMEs and ETIs which have at least 12 months of balance sheet, excluding, in particular, SCIs, financial intermediation companies and companies in difficulty</li> <li><u>Duration</u>: 3 to 5-year loans with no security interests over a grace period of 12 months</li> <li><u>Maximum amount</u>: (i) EUR 5 million for SMEs and (ii) EUR 30 million for ETIs</li> <li><u>Repayment</u>: quarterly maturity with financial amortization of capital</li> <li>No security interests or guarantee</li> </ul>
Prêt Rebond	<ul> <li><u>Scope</u>: financing of cash requirements linked to the economic situation, the increase in WCR, and investments</li> <li><u>Beneficiaries</u>: SMEs with a balance sheet for a minimum period of 12 months, excluding in particular, SCIs and financial intermediation companies</li> <li><u>Duration</u>: 7 years, including 2 years of deferred principal repayment</li> <li><u>Amount</u>: from EUR 10.000 to EUR 30.000, at the option of the Local Authorities</li> <li><u>Repayment</u>: quarterly maturity with financial amortization of capital</li> <li>No security interests or guarantee</li> </ul>
Collateralization of invoices	<ul> <li>the collateralization of all invoices, to which a credit line representing 30% of the collateralized amount will be granted</li> </ul>

## Is it possible to rearrange the loans taken out with BPI?

→ BPI announced that it would, as from 16 March and subject to reasoned request, automatically postpone all the loan instalments (principal and interest) and property leasing payments, for a period of 6 months, without any administrative fees

# **3. STATE DIRECT GUARANTEES ON COMPANY LOANS**

This direct guarantee issued by the State is added to the guarantee schemes implemented by BPI and described in point 2 of this note. The terms and conditions of this measure have been fixed by a decree dated 24 March 2020.

#### Which companies can benefit from this State direct guarantee?

#### → <u>A broad scheme</u>

#### All companies without any size or sector requirement

can benefit from a loan guaranteed by the state

#### excluding

- civil property companies;
- · credit institutions or finance companies;
- companies subject to a safeguard, receivership or compulsory liquidation procedure)<sup>2</sup> and who are in difficulty with regard to the aforementioned criteria;

<sup>2</sup>Companies that are subject to an amicable procedure (conciliation, ad hoc mandate), are not excluded from the system. Likewise, according to recent information communicated by the government, companies which are in the process of implementing a safeguard or debt recovery plan are not excluded from the scheme

#### <u>Focus</u>: <u>Uncertainties on the eligibility of companies subject to an insolvency procedure since</u> <u>the start of the Covid-19 pandemic</u>

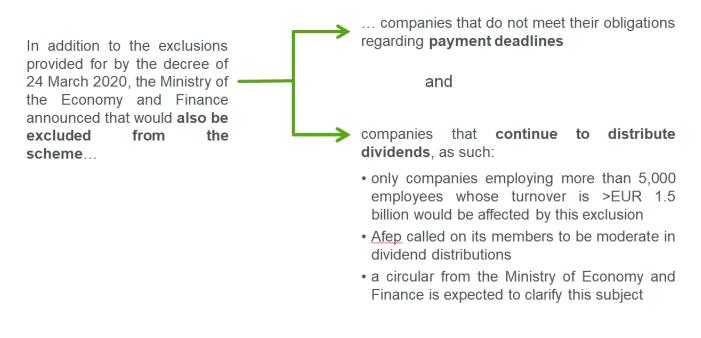
Ces entreprises sont exclues du dispositif de garantie de l'Etat selon l'arrêté du 24 mars 2020 mais semblent pouvoir en bénéficier selon la décision de la Commission européenne visée ci-avant.

Contrary to the decree of 24 March 2020, the decision of the European Commission validating this scheme with regard to the regulation of State aid notes that the guarantee can benefit companies subject to an insolvency procedure **as soon as they do not were not already under one** (and also met the other criteria mentioned above) **as of 31 December 2019 but that they have been subject to it since the start of the Covid-19 pandemic**.

Therefore there is presently a real uncertainty as to whether these companies are eligible.

They are excluded from the State guarantee scheme pursuant to the decree of 24 March 2020 but could still benefit from it according to the decision of the European Commission referred to above.

#### → Please note, however, certain exclusions announced by the government



#### Focus : Risks of exclusion of companies under LBO

The Ministry of Economy and Finance clarified that companies under LBO were not, as such, excluded from the system of loans guaranteed by the state.

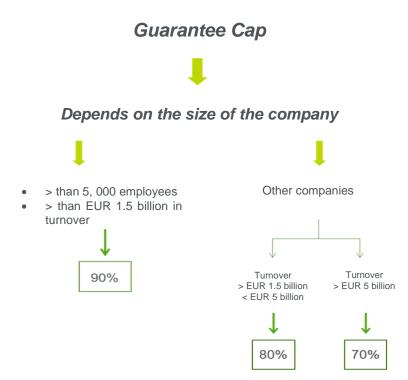
On the other hand, companies which continue to distribute dividends could be excluded from this scheme. Consequently, if the target company of the LBO continues to distribute dividends to its holding company to allow the latter to repay the acquisition debt, it could be, de facto, excluded from the scheme.

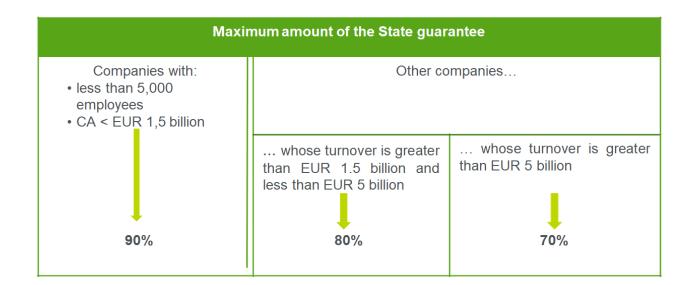
# What are the terms of the state guarantee?

#### → Characteristics of State guaranteed loans

General characteristics	Loan amount	Subscription date	Costs
<ul> <li>One year cash funding loan</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Capped amount to 25% of the turnover excluding tax over the 2019 financial year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The loan must be granted between 16 March 2020 and 31 December 2020</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>The cost of the loan is compounded:</li> <li>✓ the financing cost, specific to each bank;</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>No other guarantee or security interests</li> </ul>	<ul> <li><u>Except</u>: for innovative or newly created companies, in which case the maximum amount is set at 2 years of payroll</li> </ul>	(inclusive)	and ✓ the cost of the state guarantee
<ul> <li>Deferred principal repayment of 1 year</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>For companies with more than 5,000 employees and</li> </ul>	•	
<ul> <li>At the end of this period, possibility of opting for amortization plan over 1 to 5 additional years</li> </ul>	a turnover of more than EUR 1.5 billion: this maximum amount can be calculated on a consolidated basis		

### → State Guarantee Cap



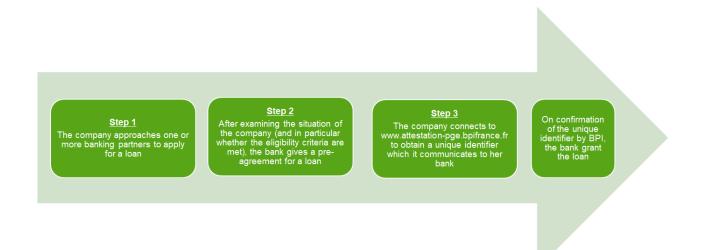


## → <u>NB</u>:

- → The State guarantee covers a percentage of the amount of capital, interest and accessories remaining due from the receivable until the expiration of its term, unless it is called before during a credit event.
- → If BPI is notified of several loans granted to the same company: the State guarantee is acquired in the chronological order in which these loans are granted, and provided that their cumulative amount remains below the above limit.
- → The loan agreement may provide for an early repayment clause in case of non-compliance with its specific terms (once the loan has been granted), in particular in the event the borrower provided the lending bank or BPI with intentionally erroneous information
- → If the 2019 certified accounts are not yet available, it is possible to use a certificate of chartered accountant/auditor. If not, then to use the 2018 certified accounts.
- $\rightarrow$  French branches of foreign banks can benefit from the guarantee of the state;
- → Bond issues are excluded from this system. In contrast, loans guaranteed by the State can be realized in the form of syndicated credits.

### What formalities must be completed?

- <u>This guarantee is directly granted by the State</u>. However, the State has delegated to BPI the monitoring and administrative management related to such guarantee. With the exception of loans granted to large companies (as defined below), the State guarantee is granted on simple notification by the lending bank to BPI.
- La nature des formalités à accomplir dépend de la taille de l'entreprise concernée :
  - → Companies employing less than 5,000 employees and with a turnover of less than EUR 1.5 billion in France:



→ Companies with at least 5,000 employees or with a turnover of more than EUR 1.5 billion in France: :



#### How is the state guarantee activated?

 When the guarantee is activated, the lending institution must demonstrate that the level of cover it held vis-à-vis the borrower at the date of the granting of the guarantee on the new loan is higher than the level of cover it held on 16 March 2020, adjusted for reductions between these two dates and resulting from the contractual schedule prior to 16 March 2020 or at the option of the borrower.

Compliance with this criterion is checked on the day of the warranty call, and not upon notification loan to the BPI.

- The sums due by the State under its guarantee will be calculated from the indemnity payment amount, to which the guaranteed share will apply. The indemnity payment amount corresponds to the loss noted after the exercise by the lending bank of all amicable and judicial remedies or after delivery of a summons for the purpose of initiating collective proceedings, following the occurrence of a credit event
- The indemnity payment amount is calculated as follows:
  - → in the context of a restructuring, in a legal or amicable framework, of the guaranteed debt giving rise to an actuarial loss, account is taken, where applicable, of the value of the debts held by the lending bank after the debt restructuring;
  - → in the context of collective proceedings, the indemnity payment amount is calculated at the end of the said procedure by deducting the amounts recovered by the lending bank.

In the event of a credit event occurring within two months of the loan being disbursed, the State guarantee cannot be used.

#### 4. <u>SUPPORT MEASURES FROM PRIVATE CREDIT INSTITUTIONS</u>

#### What measures are implemented by the banks to support businesses in difficulty?

Accelerated credit instruction procedures for tense cash flow situations, within 5 days

Deferral of loan repayments for businesses, up to six months

Measures announced by the French Banking Federation Cancellation of penalties and additional costs due to the extension of deadlines requested by companies

Communication of governmental measures: communication and explanation of the aid measures implemented by the State

Set up of loans guaranteed by the State



French Médiation du crédit can intervene with commercial banks to assist companies in their negotiations (<u>www.mediateurducredit.fr</u>)

# <u>Do banks continue to operate as usual despite the government restrictions and confinement measures</u>?

#### → Banks activities remain operational:

- the banking networks remain opened and the branches are prepared to ensure the execution of essential banking services;
- the ATM networks are supplied and the means of payment infrastructures are fully operational.
- → Dematerialized operations: companies are however requested to favour contact by telephone or via dedicated platforms, in accordance with government instructions; On a daily basis, most banking operations are automated and can be carried out remotely or via computers.

#### 5. MEASURES APPLICABLE TO COMPANIES OPERATING UNDER PUBLIC CONTRACTS

- → The State is committed to recognizing that the health crisis constitutes "force majeure"
  - Sonsequently, companies operating under public contracts will not be subject to the application of any late payment penalties.

#### → Furthermore, an ordinance dated 26 March 2020 provides for a series of provisions in order to:

- (i) to protect the company operating under a public contract from sanctions incurred in the event of non-performance of its obligations;
- (ii) provide payment and/or compensation to the company in the event of suspension, modification or cancellation of such public contract

#### 6. SOLIDARITY FUND FOR SMALL BUSINESSES

This fund is set by way of ordinance adopted on 26 March 2020 under the Emergency Law. A decree published on 31 March 2020 describes in further details the specific terms of application.

Natural and legal persons under private law, being French tax residents and carrying out an economic activity, who meet the following **cumulative conditions**:

- The business activity started before 1 February 2020
- The workforce is less than or equal to 10 employees
- · Net turnover for the last financial year ended is less than EUR 1 million
- The taxable profit for the last financial year ended is less than EUR 60 K
   be:
  - > subject to an administrative closure in March 2020, or
  - suffered a loss of turnover before tax greater than 70% in March 2020 compared to March 2019
- Excluding:
  - $\succ$  Companies controlled by a commercial company within the meaning of L. 233-3
  - Companies having filed a declaration of cessation of payment by 1 March 2020
  - Natural persons or, for legal persons, their majority manager, holders of a full-time employment contract or benefiting from social assistance
  - Companies that were in difficulty as of 31 December 2019



- A flat rate aid of EUR1,500 (or equal to the loss of turnover if this is less)
- Additional assistance of EUR2,000 if the company employs at least 1 employee on 1 March and if (i) it is unable to pay its debts due within 30 days and (ii) it has been denied a loan from by his bank

On 31 March 2020, the Minister of Economy and Finance announced that the government will widen access to the solidarity fund as of March by lowering the threshold for loss of turnover from 70% to 50%. An amending decree should be published in the coming days.

The steps to take to benefit from this solidarity fund can be as follows:

	Request for flat-rate aid of EUR 1,500	Request for additional aid
Deadline for filing the request	30 April 2020	31 May 2020
Where?	dematerialised filing https://www.impots.gouv.fr/portail/	Local Authority of permanent residence
What supporting documents should be submitted?	<ul> <li>Declaration on honor attesting that the company fulfills the conditions of eligibility, the accuracy of the information declared and the regularity of the fiscal and social situation on 1 March 2020</li> <li>Estimated amount of loss of turnover</li> <li>Company bank details</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Declaration of honor attesting that the company fulfills the conditions of eligibility and the accuracy of the information declared</li> <li>Brief description of the company's situation, accompanied by a 30-day cash flow plan, demonstrating the risk of payment default</li> <li>Amount of the loan denied, name of the bank and contact details of the contact person within this bank</li> </ul>

# 7. MEASURES IMPLEMENTED BY THE LOCAL AUTHORITIES

- The Regions are mobilizing to support companies impacted by the Covid-19 health crisis. A summary of regional aid to businesses is given below in <u>Annex 3</u>.
- → As regards the Île-de-France Region, a guide presenting the measures arbitrated on 24 March has been published

## 8. PAYMENT OF CURRENT EXPENSES FOR BUSINESSES

#### Do companies benefit from a deferred rental payment?

#### → Measures announced by main landlords associations

Measures announced by main landlords associations

Monthly rental payments and charges invoiced for the second quarter of 2020

Temporary suspension of the collection of rents and rental charges for the month of April 2020

Granting of deferrals of rents and rental charges, on a case-by-case basis, depending on the specific situation of each company, with rescheduling without penalties or interest on late payments



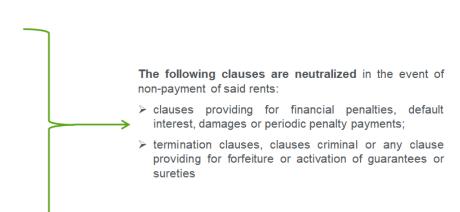
French Médiation des entreprises can intervene to assist companies in negotiations with their lessor (www.mieist.bercy.gouv.fr)

# Ordinance of 26 March 2020 relating to the payment of rents for professional and commercial premises

For companies that are eligible for the solidarity fund (including those that are subject to collective proceedings or have filed a declaration of cessation of payments);

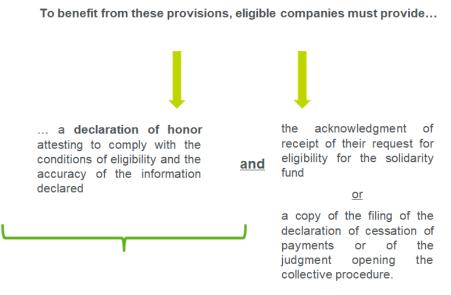
#### and

for rents and rental charges which expire between 12 March 2020 and the expiration of two months after the termination date of the state of health emergency





The ordinance does not provide for the deferral of the payment of rents and rental charges, so that these sums remain due to the lessor



# What about the payment of invoices for the supply of utilities (water, gas,

## electricity)?

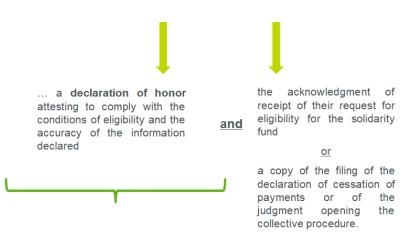
→ Ordinance of 26 March 2020 on the extension of the deadlines for invoices for the supply of utilities

Companies that are eligible for the solidarity fund (including those that are subject to a collective procedure or that have filed a declaration of cessation of payments)... ... are protected against suspension, interruption or reduction in the supply of electricity, gas or water due to non-payment of invoices to suppliers

and

may benefit from **deferrals**, without financial penalties, fees or allowances, of the due dates for payment of invoices **scheduled to be due** between 12 March 2020 and the termination date of the state of health emergency.

For this, companies must approach their creditors directly, who will be required to grant them the requested deferral as soon as the conditions of eligibility are met. To benefit from these provisions, eligible companies must provide...

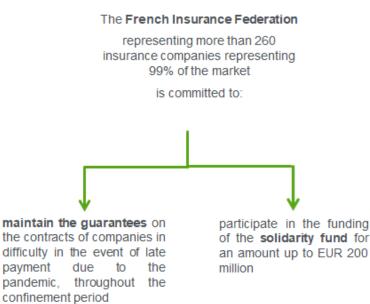


## <u>Are businesses allowed to extend their payment periods to finance their working</u> <u>capital requirement</u>?

Companies are urged to **remain cautious on the terms of payment they apply to their suppliers**: the Minister of Economy and Finance announced that companies that do not meet their obligations regarding terms of payment could not benefit from the loans guaranteed by the State referred to above.



## 9. MEASURES SUPPORTED BY INSURANCE COMPANIES



#### **10.** SUPPORT MEASURES FOR EXPORTING COMPANIES

The Ministry of Economy and Finance announced the implementation of an exceptional support plan for the benefit of **French exporting companies** 



Strengthening of State guarantees (through BPI) for guarantees and pre-financing of export projects, in order to secure the cash flow of exporting companies

Extension of prospecting insurance in progress for a period of one year

Contribution of a capacity of EUR 2 billion to short-term export credit insurance, thanks to the expansion of the Cap France Export public reinsurance scheme (this scheme covering all countries of the globe)

Support and information for companies by the operators of Team France Export (Business France, CCIs and BPIs)

The details of these measures can be viewed by following the following link:

https://www.economie.gouv.fr/files/files/PDF/2020/DP\_Plan\_de\_soutien\_aux\_entreprises\_francais es\_exportatrices.pdf

# ANNEX 1: TERMS OF THE "CORONAVIRUS CASH ENHANCEMENT" GUARANTEE Fund **bpifrance**

"Coronavirus Cash Enhancement"

(translation for information purposes only)

Cuerentes Fund		
<b>C</b>	Guarantee Fund	
Scope	<ul> <li>Eligible companies and projects:</li> <li>The purpose of this fund is to guarantee operations to strengthen the financial structure of SMEs, in particular by converting short-term bank loans into medium-term bank loans in view of their consolidation. The consolidation of loans must be accompanied by an increase or at least the continuity of overall bank loans.</li> <li>This guarantee is for companies experiencing or likely to</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>experience cash flow difficulties which are not due to their own structure.</li> <li>This guarantee is for VSEs, SMEs and Mid-Size Companies (ETIs) whatever their date of creation.</li> <li>New medium or long term instalment repayable loans (credit or leasing) can benefit from a guarantee, in the case of:</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>working capital enhancement</li> <li>bridge financing (repayable, minimum of 2 years) of a tax credit or a grant</li> <li>consolidation of existing short-term loans (overdraft, cash, discount, factoring, collateralization of receivables)</li> <li>outsourcing of assets in the context of a lease or sale of assets to a special purpose company (SCI for example) having mainly the same partners as the operating company and resulting in a cash contribution for its benefit</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The following types are also eligible:</li> <li>Personal loans to managers to make equity contributions to the company</li> <li>In the case of business acquisition within a transfer plan approved after judicial receivership, provided that the purchasers were not involved in the management of the resumed business</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>The following types are excluded:</li> <li>loans repayable at maturity</li> <li>refinancing of medium or long-term outstanding loans</li> <li>purely asset-based operations (cash out, self-supply)</li> <li>redemption of convertible bonds</li> <li>credit repurchase transactions</li> </ul>	
Beneficiaries	<ul> <li>SMEs and ETIs, whatever their creation date</li> <li>pursuant to applicable European regulations, companies</li> </ul>	

	<ul> <li>months; it is cancelled for years ago and meeting creation fund</li> <li>by way of derogation f SMEs, all SMEs or ET measure, regardless of</li> </ul>	culties are not eligible activation of the guarantee is 6 r companies created less than 3 g the eligibility criteria of the rom the European definition of Is are eligible for this specific the level of ownership of their venture capital or private equity
Terms and conditions	Eligibility	
	Long and medium term lo	
	<ul> <li>equipment or property lease</li> <li>Term of the guarantee</li> </ul>	ases, financial leases
	The term is equal to that of the c	redit, i.e. 2 to 7 years. It can be
	extended to a maximum of 15 ye	-
	by a real estate asset or in the e	
	transfer.	
	Maximum risk (all banks comb	
	<ul> <li>EUR 5 million on the companies for SMEs</li> </ul>	same company or group of
	•	e same company or group of
	companies for ETIs	
Financial conditions	The guarantee cover may be raised to 90% if the guaranteed	
	financing results in a significant i	
	and the company's cash flow. Ot	AE
	Guarantee Cover**	90%
	Fee*	1.25%
	* As an annual percentage of the	outstanding principal of the
	loan. One-time debit payment af	
	** By way of amendment to the Guarantees, guarantee requests	
	relating to SMEs eligible for the Guarantee benefit from a single	
	guarantee cover of 70% for loans EUR 300,000, with a specific price	•
		sing specified to the contract.
	ETIs	
	Guarantee cover**	90%
	FIBEN Scoring	Fee*
	0, non rated, 3++ to 4	1.25%
	5+ to 9	2.50%
Contact	To contact your local Bpi, please	visit bpifrance.fr

# ANNEX 2: TERMS OF THE "CORONAVIRUS CONFIRMED LINE OF CREDIT" **GUARANTEE FUND**

# bpifrance

# (translation for information purposes only)

Terms of th	(translation for information purposes) ne "Coronavirus Confirmed Line of Credit" Guarantee Fund	
Scope	<ul> <li>Eligible companies and projects:</li> <li>The purpose of this fund is to guarantee the opening or renewal of confirmed short-term credit lines, in order to finance the operating cycle of businesses.</li> <li>This guarantee is for companies experiencing or likely to experience cash flow difficulties which are not due to their own structure</li> <li>This fund is aimed at SMEs and ETIs, whatever their creation date</li> </ul>	
Beneficiaries	<ul> <li>This guarantee is renewable only once per company and subject to conditions (contact Bpifrance)</li> <li>SMEs and ETIs, whatever their creation date</li> <li>pursuant to applicable European regulations, companies already experiencing difficulties are not eligible</li> <li>no claim period for the activation of the guarantee is 4 months; it is cancelled for companies created less than 3 years ago and meeting the eligibility criteria of the creation fund</li> <li>by way of derogation from the European definition of SMEs all SMEs or ETIs are eligible for this specific</li> </ul>	
Terms and conditions	<ul> <li>SMEs, all SMEs or ETIs are eligible for this specific measure, regardless of the level of ownership of their capital by one or more venture capital or private equity companies</li> <li>Eligibility         <ul> <li>new short-term loans such as overdrafts, cash facilities, cash discounts, <i>Dailly</i> assignments, collateralization of receivables arising from export (MCNE), and which have been confirmed over a period of 12 to 18 months</li> <li><i>Signed commitments such as guarantees, first demand</i></li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>guarantees, documentary credits (Credoc), etc.) are excluded.</li> <li>Term of the guarantee</li> <li>The term of the guarantee is equal to the term of the confirmed credit line. It is renewable only once (conditions to be defined).</li> <li>Maximum risk (all banks) <ul> <li>EUR 5 million on the same company or group of companies for SMEs</li> <li>EUR 30 million on the same company or group of companies for ETIs</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	

Financial conditions	The guarantee cover may be raised to 90%.	
	SMEs and ETIs	
	Guarantee cover**	90%
	FIBEN Scoring	Fee*
	0, unrated, 3++ to 4	1.25%
	5+ to 9	2.50%
	* The fee is applied to the amou	Int of the line granted by applying
	the indicated annual rate	
Contact	To contact your local Bpi, pleas	e visit bpifrance.fr

# ANNEX 3: SUMMARY OF AID MEASURES IMPLEMENTED BY THE FRENCH LOCAL AUTHORITIES

AUTHORITIES	
Auvergne	- local crisis unit to identify needs and provide an appropriate
Rhône-Alpes	response, coordinated with economic players
	- participation in meetings and actions initiated by the State
	departments
	- contingency plan for businesses in the Balme-de-Sillingly
	cluster, providing for a refinancing loan of EUR 10,000 for
	merchants, craftsmen and liberal professions impacted to
	assist them in restoring their cash funding; a zero-rate loan,
	repayable over 2 years, with a guarantee from the local
	authorities; a dedicated teleservice for filing support requests
	- organization of thematic meetings (economy, culture, tourism)
	between the President and all the local partners from 16 March
	in order to 1) assess the economic and human consequences
	and effects (diagnosis to date), 2) propose solutions for the
	Region / local partners
Bourgogne	- EUR 80 million raised to respond to immediate cash flow
Franche-Comté	problems via: the guarantee, the Prêt Rebond and deferred
Franche-Comile	
	payments
	- activation of the full continuity plan for the payment of
	companies: non-application of penalties in the event of delay in
	the context of public contracts
	preparation by June of a recovery plan and relocation aid
	measures
	- continued remuneration of job seekers who have entered into a
	local based training, in the event of its suspension
Bretagne	- Task force: Region – State – BPI
	<ul> <li>raising the BPI local guarantee fund</li> </ul>
	- Freezing or revising the timeline on local ARs for impacted
	businesses
	- Support for companies wishing to relocate part of their activities
	or purchases
	Public markets: cancellation of late payment penalties for
	companies impacted delegates of public contracts or DSP
	- maintenance of flat-rate financing for coach operators (school
	transport) in the event of cancellation due to Covid 19
	- continued financial support from the local authorities for
	cancelled events (culture, sport, tourism) and case-by-case
	work on the sustainability of structures
	- support for professional training organizations, trainees and
	beneficiaries of health and social grants by the adjustment of
	local support in the event of temporary training being cancelled.
Centre Val de	- Setting of a task force: Region – State – BPI in order to identify
Loire	and address the relevant difficulties
	<ul> <li>activation of regional systems closely linked to national</li> </ul>
	measures
	<ul> <li>mobilization of approved prevention groups (GPAs) to support</li> </ul>
	businesses

	<ul> <li>Fund for the prevention of difficulties for businesses doubled : EUR 2 million</li> </ul>
	- increasing the maximum amount of the regional guarantee fund to 80% with the BPI, and facilitate access to such guarantee
	fund (EUR 17.7 million)
	- simplification of access to VSE Growth loans (from EUR 10,000
	to EUR 50,000) open to VSEs (EUR 1 million)
	- accelerate the payment of suppliers and service providers of
	the Local Authority
Corse	- business economic monitoring unit
	<ul> <li>mobilization of the detection and treatment unit for companies experiencing difficulties</li> </ul>
	- with BPI: guarantee increased to 70% and loan adjustment
	- cash support measure
Grand Est	- coordination of operators
	- moratorium on loan repayments
	- cash financing (Prêt Rebond)
	- relocation pact
Hauts de	- COVID 19 emergency plan of EUR 50 million for direct regional
France	aid and joint Region/BPI products for merchants, craftsmen and
	local companies, EUR 30 million for aid to companies in
	difficulty (AR) goes to the Fund of Hauts de Hauts de France
	Prévention and EUR 20 million for additional BPI loans
	(EUR 20 million)
	- flexibility of local financing schemes until 31 October: zero
	rates, repayment extensions (up to 6 years) and additional deferred repayment
	- readjustments of local debts: possibility for impacted
	companies to request an extension of deadlines to the "debt recovery commission" set up by the local authority
	<ul> <li>double guarantee covers (BPI/FRG/France active) to allow</li> </ul>
	banks to continue their lending activities
	- setting up of a daily monitoring of the situation of merchants,
	craftsmen and local companies via a dedicated team and strengthened partnerships
	<ul> <li>use of a dedicated team (engineering service and financial</li> </ul>
	consolidation within its Directorate of Business Support) for
	companies in difficulty and strengthening of partnerships
	(State, BPI, Banque de France, Consular Authorities,
	employers' organizations, local authorities) to respond with
	maximum efficiency to businesses
	<ul> <li>weekly task force State / Region / BPI</li> </ul>
Ile de France	<ul> <li>acceleration of payment by SMEs (less than 30 days)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>strengthening of the local BPI guarantee fund (EUR 700 million</li> </ul>
	in new loans guaranteed at 80% for an amount up to EUR 6
	million, for loans up to 7 years)
	<ul> <li>extension of the "back-up prevention" scheme to all impacted</li> </ul>
	SMEs anticipating a fall of at least 20% in turnover and
	requesting BPI to grant this loan at zero rate (compared to
	3.8% currently) with the objective of helping 5000 SMEs very
L	

	<ul> <li>quickly</li> <li>Relocation pack with support by sectors (customized support, support for the search of premises in Ile de France, recruitment assistance, raise of funding via local aid "PM'UP" and "Innov'up"</li> <li>zero penalty guarantee for suppliers in the event of default</li> </ul>
Normandie	- State -Region crisis unit with weekly follow up point and review of files
	- non-application of penalty measures on public procurement
	<ul> <li>coordination of the 12 Normandy sectors</li> <li>Spreading of receivables, increase of the BPI guarantee (80%)</li> </ul>
	and enhance VSE growth loans
Nouvelle-	- setting up of a coordination unit with State, BPI and consular
Aquitaine	<ul> <li>authorities (CCIR and CRMA) and weekly follow up point</li> <li>use of common law tools for corporate treasury needs:</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>use of common law tools for corporate treasury needs: guarantee funds (BPI / SIAGI), VSE growth loans</li> </ul>
Occitanie	<ul> <li>business procedures facilitated by setting up a local service with the Maisons dans ma Région and Ad'Occ (economic development agency)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>for its public contracts, payments to companies under the regional continuity plan and no penalty for late payment to service providers</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>suspension of all early repayments granted for a period of 6 months from 1 April (EUR 60 million and 520 companies concerned)</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>reinforcement of the loan guarantee with banks to facilitate cash loans (EUR 5 million)</li> </ul>
	- launch of the "train rather than dismiss" plan to allow companies benefiting from partial unemployment to enroll in a
	<ul> <li>training plan</li> <li>strengthening of the industrial rebound system in cooperation with the banks</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>promotion of the Occitanie Region to support tourism</li> </ul>
Pays de la Loire	<ul> <li>State-Region task force to monitor the situation and solutions provided to companies</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>use of common law tools for EUR 28 million: counselling grant (EUR 1 million), cash loan (EUR 17 million), regional guarantee operated by BPI (EUR 10 million Region), local VSE / SME</li> </ul>
	loan operated by BPI
	- creation of a toll-free number dedicated to economic players:
	referring to the relevant contact persons depending on the nature of the difficulty raised
	<ul> <li>dedicated plenary meeting with all network heads and professional federations (10/3)</li> </ul>
	- other emergency measures planned for the March session in
	support of all sectors
Sud	- watch unit in connection with the State
	- guarantee cover increased to 80% (EUR 5 million)
	- creation of a Covid-19 emergency fund (EUR 5 million in the

form of loans) for the most affected sectors (tourism, sport,
culture, industrial SMEs)
<ul> <li>EUR 2 million for crafts and restaurants</li> </ul>

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