Document hosted at JDSUPRA* http://www.jdsupra.com/post/documentViewer.aspx?fid=467986f1-4d26-488f-9d6b-ffee2445754b

Municipalities Should Not Miss the Deadline for Submitting Applications for Clean Renewable Energy Bonds

August 4, 2009, the deadline for submitting applications for Clean Renewable Energy Bonds (CREBs), is fast approaching. CREBs were created to offer another means for financing solar energy, wind energy, geothermal, qualified hydro, trash combustion, landfill gas, marine/tidal energy and biomass projects. CREBs can be issued by state and local governments, tribal governments, electric cooperatives and regulated utility companies.

Under the recently enacted American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (better known as the Stimulus Bill), the volume cap for qualified projects to be funded with CREBs was increased by \$1.6 billion up to an aggregate total of \$2.4 billion. Once volume cap is allocated, CREBs are required to be issued within three years. Once issued, the issuer has three years to complete the project spending, 10 percent within six months and 100 percent within three years.

n 2008, certain aspects of the CREB

In 2008, certain aspects of the CREB program were changed. Importantly, 100 percent of the "available project proceeds" (as defined in §54A(e)(4)) are to be used for capital expenditures for qualified renewable projects. Additionally, the CREB credit is reduced to 70 percent of the allowable tax credit rate under the statute (§54A(b) of the Internal Revenue Code). Finally, there are restrictions on the allocation of the \$2.4 billion of volume cap among qualified projects, arbitrage and the structure of the bonds.

Why are CREBs Beneficial to the Issuers?

With a conventional bond, the issuer pays interest to the bondholder. With a tax credit bond, like the CREB, the issuer does not make interest payments directly to the bondholder, rather the federal government provides a tax credit to the bondholder for holding such a bond. The tax credit rate is set by reviewing numerous factors, including the average interest rate for bonds with similar underlying credit ratings generally ranging from A to BBB. The tax credit rate is locked in on the day the CREBs are sold.

In an ideal world, the tax credit rate would be a significant enough investment return for the bondholders. However, because (1) the tax credit is taxable, (2) CREBs are a relatively new type of bond with smaller transactions and significant transaction costs and (3) the tax credit has some liquidity concerns, the issuer usually has to sweeten the deal by adding additional taxable interest investment return on the deal.

PUBLIC FINANCE LAW ALERT

This alert is written by Carrianna Field, attorney in the Public Finance Department at Pullman & Comley, LLC. Please feel free to contact Carrianna or any of the attorneys listed below for more information.

Michael J. Andreana	203-330-2235
Frank B. Cleary	203-330-2225
Carrianna K. Field	860-424-4320
Raul G. Flores	203-330-2264
Marie V. Phelan	860-424-4337
H. William Shure	203-330-2232
John F. Stafstrom Jr.	203-330-2210

mandreana@pullcom.com fcleary@pullcom.com cfield@pullcom.com rflores@pullcom.com mphelan@pullcom.com hwshure@pullcom.com jstafstrom@pullcom.com

This alert is intended for educational and informational purposes only. Readers are advised to seek appropriate professional consultation before acting on any matters in this update. This report may be considered advertising. ©2009 Pullman & Comley, LLC. All Rights Reserved. To be removed from our mailing list, please email unsubscribe@pullcom.com, with "Unsubscribe" in the subject line. Prior results do not guarantee a similar outcome.

At the 35 percent federal tax rate, the benefit to the purchaser of the CREB would look like this:

Document hosted at JDSUPRA http://www.jdsupra.com/post/documentViewer.aspx?fid=467986f1-4d26-488f-9d6b-ffee2445754b

\$100,000
5.12%
2.00%
\$5,124
\$2,000
\$1,793
\$700
\$4,631*

[(Credit + Interest) - Taxes]

The issuer benefits from a low interest rate, and, even with transaction costs, the benefits of CREBs begin to mirror the benefits of government issued tax-exempt bonds. For this reason, CREBs are a viable investment vehicle to be used by issuers for eligible projects.

For more information, see all the federal guidance documents at http://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-drop/n-09-33.pdf.

*National Renewable Energy Laboratory, Claire Kreycik, TAP Finance Webinar, June 24, 2009.

Editor's Note: Going forward we will be migrating our Alerts to an email format. If you wish to continue receiving alerts and other informative materials from the firm, please send your contact information and email address to contact@pullcom.com.

PULLMAN & COMLEY, LLC

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

850 MAIN STREET P.O. BOX 7006 BRIDGEPORT, CT 06601-7006