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When Almost Is Not Good Enough

By: Laurence E. Platt

Where I went to school anything between a 90% and 100% was an "A." Yes, there were gradations and curves. Maybe anything between a 90 and 93 was an A-. But I had to fall well below a 90 before my parents severely criticized my academic performance. That's why I find the headlines surrounding the "Summary of Compliance Report" released on June 19, 2013 by Joseph A. Smith, Jr., the "Monitor" under the National Mortgage Settlement ("NMS") so surprising. https://www.mortgageoversight.com/reports/summary-of-compliance/ Converting the findings into percentages, one of the five lenders scored a 100 and the others scored between a 93 and 96.

In a press release issued the same day as the Monitor's report, <u>http://portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/press/press_releases_media_advisories/2013/HUDNo.13-</u> 097 HUD Secretary Donovan characterized these results as shameful and unacceptable:

"The Independent Monitor's report is a landmark moment in our efforts to reform the servicing industry. For too long, banks have been operating behind closed doors. This report provides the public with a new and transparent look into how banks are treating homeowners. The good news is that gains have been made. The practice of robo-signing—where banks sign off on foreclosures with little or no review—has come to an end. We've also confirmed that the five banks have stopped charging distressed borrowers a fee just to process a loan modification request.

Unfortunately, other abuses shamefully endure. Most notably, these financial institutions consistently fail to send notices and communicate decisions to stakeholders in a timely manner. This is unacceptable. So the five financial institutions are officially on notice; they must correct these problems and pass the Monitor's tests or the Obama administration, along with the bipartisan group of 49 state attorneys general we partnered with on this effort, will fine them up to \$5 million for each failure or haul them back into court."

Major newspapers followed this characterization:

Washington Post: "Big Banks Are Violating National Mortgage Settlement, Report Says"

Wall Street Journal: "Banks Blundered on Mortgage Pact: Monitor Notes Failure to Meet a Number of Standards; 'This Is Unacceptable,' HUD Chief Says"

New York Times: "Monitor Finds Mortgage Lenders Still Falling Short of Settlement's Terms"

Perhaps some perspective is in order. Five of the nation's largest loan servicers agreed to a landmark global foreclosure settlement in April 2012, which included a 40-page single space list of servicing standards that they agreed to implement in phases over a short time period and test themselves for compliance. Some standards simply repeated existing law. Some could be construed to be generally accepted best practices. Some standards were derived from the requirements under the U.S. Treasury's Home Affordable Mortgage Program. But a great number of the standards were new, micro in design, and required significant changes to management information systems and policies

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and procedures. These new standards also had to be synchronized with inconsistent state law and GSE and FHA requirements.

Yet the servicers basically all received an A or an A- on their most recent report card, with some important and constructive comments from the Monitor on where servicers need to improve. The areas highlighted for improvement focus on notices and communications to and with borrowers - not wrongful foreclosures, failure to offer loan modifications to eligible borrowers or incorrect judicial filings.

We should feel encouraged that the largest servicers essentially were able to "turn on a dime" and implement such fundamental changes so quickly. Indeed, the effective date for the new servicing regulations issued by the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau earlier this year is delayed for a full year to give servicers a reasonable period of time to implement the changes in an orderly way. Moreover, the new regulations are considerably less prescriptive in their treatment of loss mitigation than these settlement terms, giving servicers more leeway on how they accomplish general standards.

Sure, it is no solace to an individual borrower who believes that the servicer did not communicate in a timely fashion on his or her loan to read that the servicers generally complied in all material respects with the new servicing standards. But such a communication problem is hardly shameful. Perhaps a fairer conclusion is that more work needs to be done to achieve perfection, and that essentially is how the Monitor characterized the findings. All indications are that the servicers that are subject to the global foreclosure settlement are working in good faith to that end and have made great strides. But you wouldn't know that from a review of the headlines.

At the end of the day this appears to be all about the elusive and unrealistic quest for perfection. Whether it is selling loans to the GSEs without a scintilla of defects on which a repurchase demand could be based without regard to materiality, or originating insured loans without a deficiency that could cause FHA or the DOJ to seek indemnification and huge civil money penalties, or foreclosing within enumerated state time lines that are known to be unrealistic and face punitive compensatory fees or confiscatory interest curtailments, or implementing the landmark servicing standards without error or face political "jawboning," should we be asking as a matter of policy whether the government expects too much?

Is it such a surprise that lenders are skittish about lending when the standard is perfection? Why take any credit risk if the ultimate consequence of a borrower default could be disproportionate penalties and public scolding? I doubt that any branch of the federal, state or local government - or any other walk of life for that matter - could claim that it consistently performs perfectly. So then why is it so shameful and unacceptable to get an A- while still striving for a 100? Geez, I'm glad these folks are not my parents; after trying so hard, I'd be pretty discouraged about bringing home my report cards.

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K&L Gates' Consumer Financial Services practice provides a comprehensive range of transactional, regulatory compliance, enforcement and litigation services to the lending and settlement service industry. Our focus includes first- and subordinate-lien, open- and closed-end residential mortgage loans, as well as multi-family and commercial mortgage loans. We also advise clients on direct and indirect automobile, and manufactured housing finance relationships. In addition, we handle unsecured consumer and commercial lending. In all areas, our practice includes traditional and e-commerce applications of current law governing the fields of mortgage banking and consumer finance.

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