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Daily Global Situation Report

November 16, 2020

Global Situation Update: November 16, 2020

KEY TAKEAWAYS

Leaders from 15
Asia-Pacific nations
formed the Regional
Comprehensive
Economic Partnership.

Peru's interim
president, Manuel
Merino, resigned on
Sunday after
violent protests.

Iran plans first complete lockdown as COVID-19 infections and deaths spiral out of control.

Global

Overnight, confirmed coronavirus cases grew to 54,922,637 in 216 countries and territories, with 1,325,974 deaths.

- Reports have surfaced that al-Qa'ida's second in command, Abdullah Ahmed Abdullah, also known as Abu Muhammad Al-Masri, was killed in Tehran in August in a joint US-Israeli counterterrorism operation.
- US pharmaceutical group Johnson & Johnson is launching a UK phase 3 clinical trial of its experimental Covid-19 vaccine.

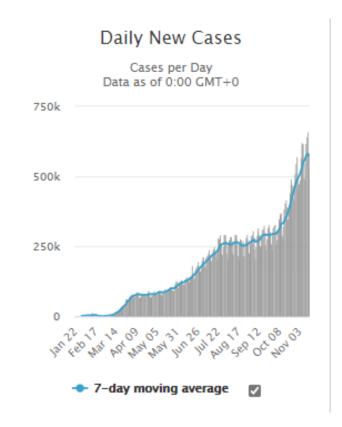
- US biotech Moderna said its **Covid-19 vaccine** had shown 94.5 percent efficacy in clinical trials.
- Russia expects to produce primarily freeze-dried coronavirus vaccine doses eliminating the need for transport at ultra-low temperatures.

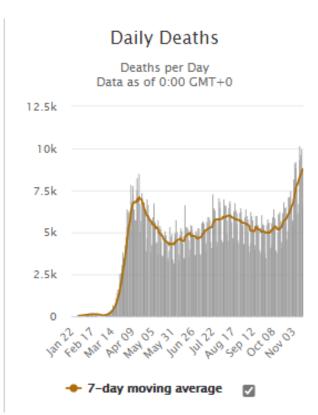


Global

In one week, 4.5 million new coronavirus infections were reported. Europe and the US continue to see high rates of spread. Last week, the US reported record breaking daily new infections.

Global deaths registered 1.32 million, with Georgia, Slovakia and Slovenia registering 7-day average increases in deaths of greater than 30 percent this past week.





Source: WorldoMeter



Markets

Investors who bet US consumers would keep paying debts this year are seeing a windfall as households spend less and save more.

- On Monday, stocks in the Asia-Pacific region rose across the board after 15 signed one of the biggest trade agreements in history.
- European stocks also moved up.

- US Securities and Exchange Commission
 Chairman Jay Clayton will step down from his position at the end of the year.
- Sterling slipped slightly on Monday, even as global risk appetite was boosted by strong Chinese economic data and news of progress on a COVID-19 vaccine, as investors focused on Brexit negotiations which resumed in Brussels.



Business

Qualcomm Inc received a license from the US. government to sell 4G mobile phone chips to China's Huawei Technologies Co Ltd, an exemption to US trade restrictions imposed amid rising tensions with China.

- PNC has agreed to buy the US operations of Spanish bank BBVA for \$11.6bn in an all-cash deal that will create the fifth-largest US bank by asset.
- Saudi Aramco plans to sell billions in international bonds to bolster the oil company's balance sheet and meet its \$75 billion dividend target.
- Simon Property Group, the largest shopping center owner in the US, has reached a revised deal to buy rival Taubman Centers.
- Walmart has agreed to sell a majority stake in its Japan supermarket chain Seiyu as the retailer continues to reshape its footprint outside the US.



Africa

- The number of people who have fled into Sudan from the conflict in northern Ethiopia has risen to at least 20,000, according to the UN refugee agency. The conflict is spilling into the wider Horn of Africa region, after militias in the rebellious state fired rockets at targets in the capital of neighboring Eritrea and threatened more.
- Ghana surpassed 50,000 infections.
- **Zambia** is on the brink of defaulting on its foreign debt after it missed a payment of more than \$40 million last month, with the grace period expiring this Friday.
- Doctors in Kenya are threatening to strike amid a sharp rise in coronavirus infections saying they "will not embark on a suicide mission."







Asia

 Leaders from 15 Asia-Pacific nations on Sunday sealed one of the biggest trade deals in history, seeking to reduce barriers in an area covering a third of the world's population and economic output.

- Japan's economy expanded by 5 percent in Q3.
- Kuala Lumpur is Malaysia's newest coronavirus hotspot, as the country recorded more than 1,200 cases on Sunday.
- Days of heavy rains brought by Typhoon Vamco and the monsoon-inundated Cagayar
 Valley in the northern **Philippines** have turned parts of the region into an "ocean."
- The Indian state of Maharashtra, home to the financial capital of Mumbai, has reopened places of worship after more than six months of closures.
- China has suspended imports of 99 suppliers from 20 countries to control the spread of the novel coronavirus, following a smattering of positive samples detected on beef, pork and seafood. Retail sales in China rose at their fastest rate this year in October.
- **New Zealand** ordered that masks to be worn on all public transport in the country's largest city, as well as on all domestic flights, from midnight on Wednesday evening.



Europe

- As the European Commission finalizes rules on internet companies, Europe's industry chief Thierry Breton warned the technology companies' services could be banned from the European market if they do not heed EU regulation.
- Armenia on Sunday was due to begin handing over disputed territory to Azerbaijan as part of a peace accord that ended six weeks of fierce fighting over the Nagorno-Karabakh region.
- Police in **Belarus** on Sunday arrested hundreds of people in Minsk demonstrating against Alexander Lukashenko, using rubber bullets and tear gas.
- **Germans** should brace for another 4-5 months of severe measures to halt the rise in coronavirus infections and should not expect the current rules to be eased quickly, Economy Minister Peter Altmaier warned, as the country marked 800,000 infections. **Austria** declared a new hard lockdown as Covid-19 infections have continued to grow despite a partial shutdown announced two weeks ago; confirmed cases surpassed 200,000. **Poland** surpassed 700,000 confirmed cases and 10,000 deaths.



Middle East

The UAE will extend its "golden" visa system - which grants 10-year residency in the Gulf state –
to certain professionals and specialized degree-holders.

• The **Yemeni** Coast Guard in the eastern province of Mahra intercepted a boat carrying almost 1,000 kilograms of drugs, worth \$6.6 million, and arrested six **Iranian and Pakistani** sailors.

Israel is moving forward on the construction of hundreds of new homes for Jewish
residents in a sensitive east Jerusalem neighborhood, further sealing off Palestinian
town of Bethlehem from East Jerusalem. Israel's military struck Hamas positions Sunday
morning following a rocket attack from the Gaza Strip overnight.

- Lebanon began a two-week lockdown on Saturday as COVID-19 cases continue to surge at an alarming rate in the country.
- Iran reported 12,542 new cases yesterday and 459 deaths and plans to impose its first full lockdown starting on Saturday.
- **Egypt** announced the discovery of an ancient treasure trove of more than a 100 intact sarcophagi, dating back more than 2,500 years ago, the largest such find this year.
- Walid al-Moalem, an unyielding defender of **Syrian** President Bashar al Assad's bloody crackdown on peaceful protesters, died on Monday.



Americas

• lota has strengthened into the 13th hurricane of the 2020 Atlantic **hurricane season** and is expected to become a major hurricane as it approaches Central America.

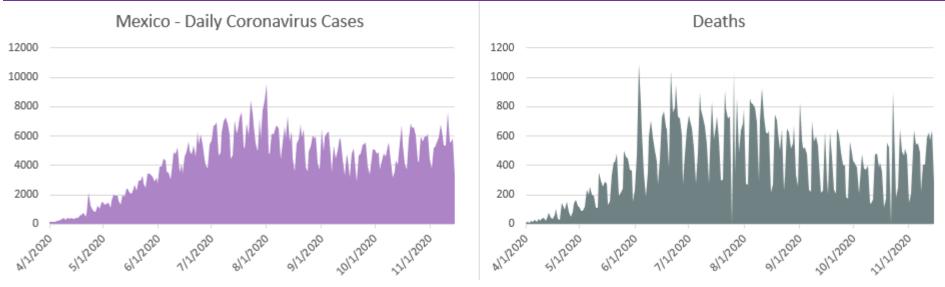
• **Peru's** interim president, Manuel Merino, resigned on Sunday after the country's political parties demanded he step down or face impeachment following the deaths of two people in protests over the sudden ouster of his predecessor.

- Western Union said it was suspending US money transfers to Cuba due to new US sanctions on the island.
- **Mexican** senators began weighing a sweeping initiative to legalize recreational use and sale of marijuana, a proposal that could create the world's largest cannabis market in a country battered by a violent war against drug gangs. Mexico became the 11th country to register 1 million coronavirus infections.
- As cities across Canada locked down, the number of opioid overdose deaths surged, putting the country on track to lose the gains it made last year.



Americas

Over the weekend, Mexico registered 1 million coronavirus cases and just under 100,000 deaths. Unlike many countries, Mexico has not adopted mitigation measures such as widespread testing, contact tracing and mask wearing



Source: Johns Hopkins University





Americas: US

The COVID-19 outlook is bleak as the country is at the threshold of 11 million infections.
 The number of people hospitalized with Covid-19 reached 69,987 on Sunday with new cases over the weekend also at record highs.

• North Dakota has become the 35th U.S. state to require face coverings be worn in public. Governors in New Mexico, Oregon, Washington, Michigan and Virginia imposed new restrictions, limiting capacity for public indoor and outdoor gatherings and restaurant services. Tennessee surpassed 300,000 confirmed cases; Virginia and Louisiana topped 200,000. Utah surpassed 20,000 deaths.

 The transition to President-elect Joe Biden's administration remained in political limbo on Sunday, a day after tens of thousands of President Donald Trump's supporters poured into the nation's capital to echo his false claims of election fraud. Election officials of both parties have said there is no evidence of major irregularities. The Trump campaign on Sunday dropped a major part of a lawsuit it brought seeking to halt Pennsylvania from certifying its results in the presidential election, narrowing the case to a small number of ballots.



Over the past month, a run of elections in Africa have drawn international concern with reports of violence, crackdowns on opposition, and irregularities in voting.

Incumbents have declared victory in Tanzania, Guinea, and the Ivory Coast amid protests and accusations of unfair elections. While regional bodies like the African Union and ECOWAS (Economic Community of West African States) have largely stood by the recent election results, other international powers including the UK, US, and France have expressed concern about reported

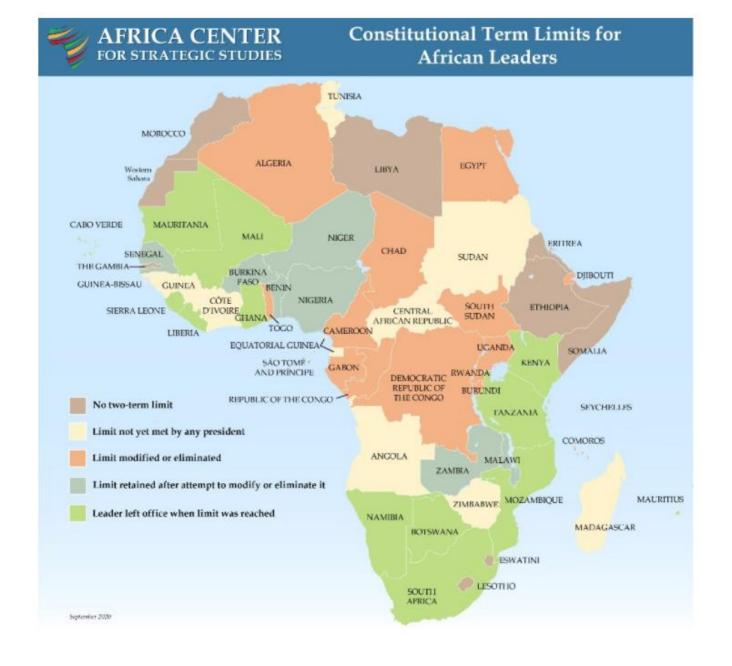
voting irregularities and other indicators of failing democratic norms.

With several more elections to come in the next few months, analysts have raised concerns that the recent series of events may be indicative of a wider trend away from free and fair elections. Though each country faces its own unique political environment, the buildup of dubious election outcomes may have cross-border effects, such as in biasing regional bodies away from action against incumbents. Moreover, each instance of electoral dispute impacts the broader legitimacy of democracy and democratic norms – an effect that has been recently amplified by controversy around the recent US election.





With the latest results from Ivory Coast and Guinea, two more African countries have been added to the "limited or eliminated" term limits category.







Guinea

The unrest sparked by Guinea's October 18 election was unsurprising to many. In March, 82-year-old Alpha Condé, who has already ruled Guinea for nearly a decade, passed constitutional changes to allow him to run for another two terms. Protests over the constitutional changes had already led to dozens being killed by security forces. While election day itself was relatively calm in Guinea, unrest started soon after. Condé's electoral rival, Cellou Dalein Diallo, who has run against Condé three times now, claimed victory the day after polls closed, citing photos taken by his party of results posted outside polling stations. Initial celebration by his supporters quickly turned into protests after government crackdown. The opposition claims that at least 30 people, including children, have been killed in the protests, while the government reports a lower number. Guinea's electoral commission announced on October 24 that 82-year-old Alpha Condé had won a third term as president, with results showing that Condé carried 59 percent of the vote. However, opposition-affiliated election officials raised concerns about "serious anomalies" in the election results, such as turnout in one of

Condé's strongholds exceeding 100 percent and votes elsewhere not being counted. Diallo has described the election as "massive fraud' and says he is pursuing legal action, calling on his supporters to take to the streets. However, Condé has remained in power, and the Guinean police have rounded up over 100 opposition activists in the wake of the election – including Diallo's vice president. The African Union and regional bloc ECOWAS have declared the election lawful, but both organizations lack credibility in the eyes of many Guineans due to their historical lack of action regarding incumbent actions like changing term limits. Moreover, officials in leading international democracies including the US, EU, and France have raised concerns about the freedom of the election and subsequent violence.

Fact Box: Guinea

- Active Cases: 1,385
- Confirmed Cases: 12,611
- Deaths: 75
- Population: 12.7 million
- GDP: \$13.59 billion (2019)
- GDP per Capita: \$1,064 (2019)
- Global Health Security Index: 125 (out of 195)





Tanzania

After an October 28 vote, Tanzania swore in incumbent President John Magufuli for a second five-year term on November 5. Though, like Guinea, the election itself was peaceful, the legitimacy of the outcome has been marred by reports of voting irregularities, preelection claims of media suppression, and challenges to the opposition party. While regional leaders like South Africa's President Ramaphosa, who is the current African Union chairperson, congratulated Magufuli for his election victory, several nations have expressed concern about the election - including the US. In a statement on November 2, the State Department questioned Tanzania's commitment to democracy, saying "we remain deeply concerned by credible reports of significant and widespread voting irregularities, internet interruption, arrests, and violence by security forces." Despite these international concerns, Magufuli has retained office, claiming to have won 84 percent of the vote while his CCM party (which has held power since Tanzania's independence in 1961) also won parliamentary majority. Given the margins of his return to power, some critics of the President have even speculated that he

may try to extend term limits. Moreover, a crackdown on the opposition has continued after the election with arrests of prominent opposition members. Other opposition leaders have fled the country; at least one has claimed he fears for his life.

Fact Box: Tanzania

- Active Cases: 305
- Confirmed Cases: 509
- Deaths: 21
- · Population: 58 million

- GDP: \$63,17 billion (2019)
- GDP per Capita: \$1,122 (2019)
- Global Health Security Index: 101 (out of 195)

Ivory Coast

Ivory Coast held an election on October 31 that was the source of protest before any votes were cast. 78-year-old incumbent President Alassane Ouattara ran for a third term, claiming that the country's two-term limit for presidents did not apply to him because of a constitutional referendum in 2016. The constitutional council allowed his candidacy but blocked 40 of 44 other prospective candidates from running. Multiple opposition leaders boycotted the election, saying Ouattara's pursuit of a third term was illegitimate, and called for civil disobedience from their supporters. Ouattara received 94 percent of the vote, though the electoral commission and opposition activists differ on the election's claimed turnout: the officials say it was 53.9 percent while the opposition says only 10 percent of Ivorians went to the polls. Opposition leaders proceeded with creating a parallel government, only for some of them to be charged with terrorism and sedition. Protests and violence preceded the election and have continued into the last two weeks, killing at least 85 people and driving thousands to seek refuge in neighboring countries. National and international observers worry that the

country could be plunged into a deeper civil conflict, as existing political and ethnic rivalries come to a head. Post-election violence has been disastrous in Ivory Coast history: in 2010 over 3,000 people died and 1.3 million people were displaced in a brief civil war after then-President Gbagbo refused to concede defeat to Ouattara. Last week, Ouattara met with his main opposition rival, former president Henri Konan Bédié, to discuss ending post-election violence, following calls for de-escalation from the UN, EU and France.

Fact Box: Ivory Coast

- · Active Cases: 201
- Confirmed Cases: 20,976
- Deaths: 128
- Population: 25.7 million
- GDP: \$58.79 billion (2019)
- GDP per Capita: \$2,286 (2019)
- Global Health Security Index: 105 (out of 195)





Seychelles

If elections over the past month in Ivory Coast, Tanzania and Guinea show common threads of incumbents retaining power, concerns about violence, and allegations of voting irregularities, Seychelles provides a contrasting example of opposition victory and peaceful transfer of power. Voting between October 22-24, Seychellois selected their first opposition president since 1977 in Anglican priest Wavel Ramkalawan. Ramkalawan's victory speech took a conciliatory tone towards outgoing President Danny Faure, who has both conceded defeat and wished Ramkalawan good luck. The US State Department commended the election as "another major milestone in Seychelles' democracy." However, while the example of Seychelles' apparent democratic progress has been applauded internationally, it is notable that with its tiny size and unique economy, Seychelles has much less in common with most continental African states than the Ivory Coast, Tanzania, or Guinea.

Fact Box: Seychelles

- Active Cases: 3
- Confirmed Cases: 160
- Deaths: 0
- Population: 97,625

- GDP: \$1.7 billion (2019)
- GDP per Capita: \$17,401 (2019)
- Global Health Security Index: 133 (out of 195)

Elections on the Horizon

Elections are approaching in other states as Ghana, Niger, Uganda, Central African Republic and Burkina Faso will all go to the polls over the next few months. Concerns have already been peaked that some of these coming elections will also feature opposition suppression, voting irregularities, and violence. In particular, the recent arrest of presidential candidate and popular singer Bobi Wine has drawn global attention to the cause and plight of the opposition in Uganda. However, fears of unfair elections are not universal; Ghana, for example, is widely expected to conduct free and fair elections.

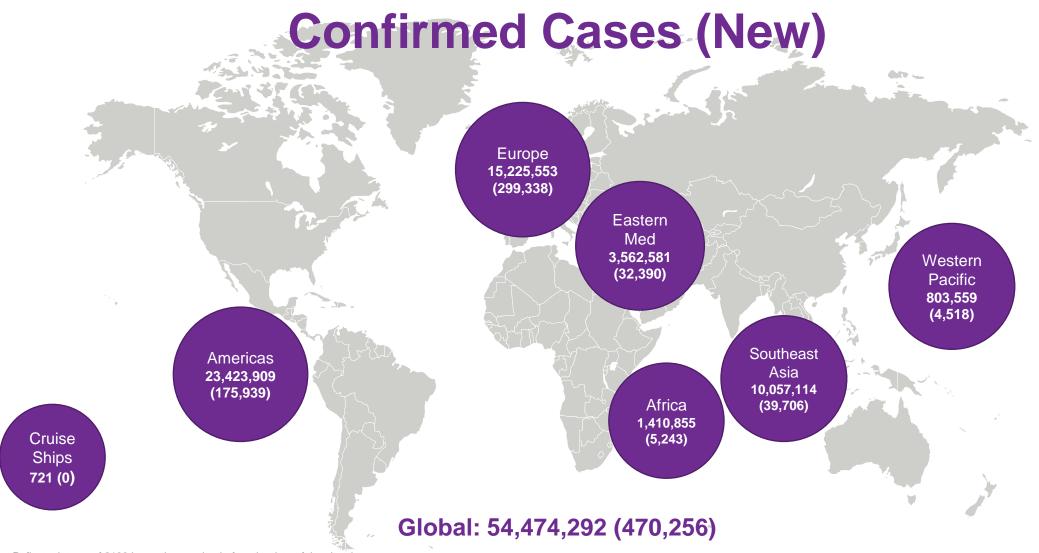
As Africa's busy election calendar continues in 2020 and 2021, analysts are questioning the implications of breaking democratic norms and how elections results may impact each other. Particularly in countries that have only transitioned to democracy in recent

memory, the legitimacy of elections has important impact on the stability of government. Moreover, especially as the US faces its own crisis of election legitimacy, the appeal of alternative systems of government may gain ground – such as the more authoritarian model of China.

Coronavirus Condition Updates

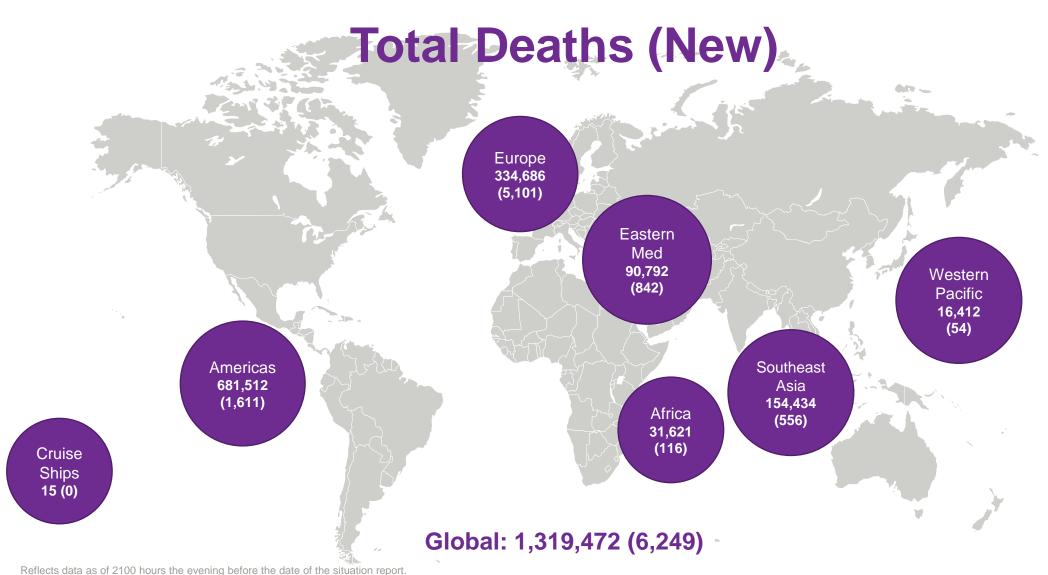
As of 2100 hours US EDT on November 15





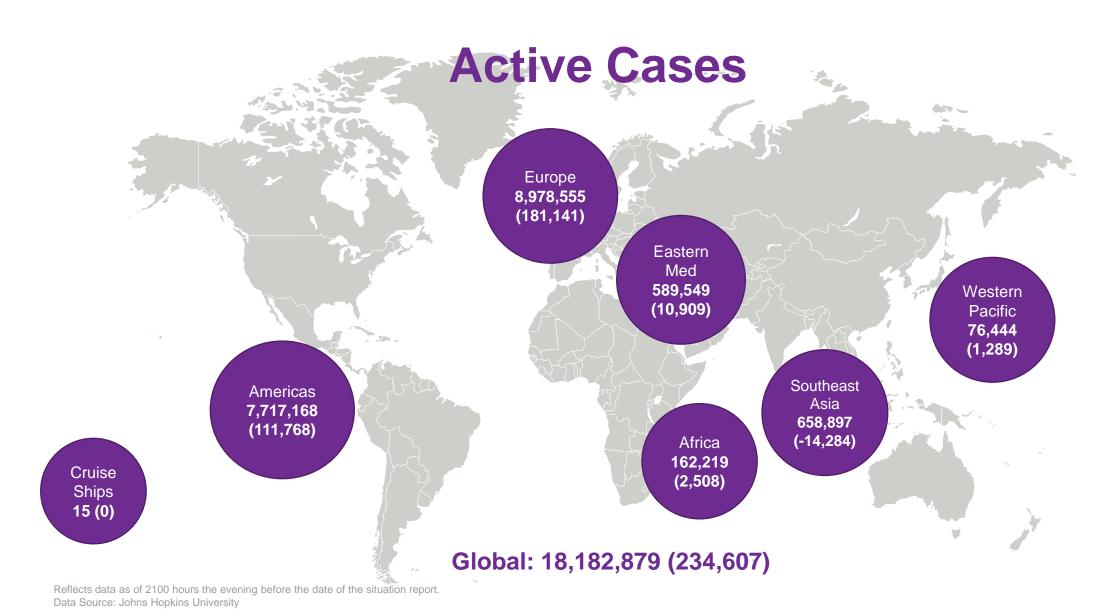
Reflects data as of 2100 hours the evening before the date of the situation report. Data Source: Johns Hopkins University





Data Source: Johns Hopkins University







VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

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Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
US	6607763	10986996 (132336)	245162 (602)	34266	759	9.99%	Iran	161757	762068 (12543)	41493 (459)	9030	492	10.44%
France	1797469	1981827 (27228)	44548 (302)	30337	682	9.64%	Mexico	157790	1006522 (3269)	98542 (283)	7751	759	3.84%
UK	1317679	1371586 (24977)	52008 (168)	20131	764	12.94%	Argentina	145953	1310491 (5645)	35436 (129)	28896	781	5.21%
Spain	1267446	1458591 (0)	40769 (0)	31920	872	8.90%	Jordan	131839	143678 (2373)	1772 (68)	14030	173	23.91%
Italy	712490	1178529 (33977)	45229 (546)	19503	748	20.65%	Czechia	126602	460116 (1887)	6208 (150)	42935	579	9.84%
Belgium	521518	535939 (4659)	14421 (118)	45766	1232	6.56%	Switzerland	112766	257135 (0)	3369 (18)	29629	388	17.59%
India	465478	8845127 (30548)	130070 (435)	6386	94	3.30%	Romania	107523	360281 (7096)	8926 (113)	18776	465	15.69%
Russia	447699	1910149 (22313)	32885 (349)	13194	227	7.84%	Hungary	106265	140961 (4238)	3097 (107)	14606	321	22.24%
Netherlands	439385	447871 (5413)	8486 (43)	26116	495	8.44%	Portugal	88854	217301 (6035)	3381 (76)	21335	332	17.48%
Brazil	417843	5863093 (14134)	165798 (140)	27510	778	3.39%	Serbia	83559	84568 (3482)	1009 (20)	9694	116	25.80%
Poland	407841	712972 (21854)	10348 (303)	18846	274	23.36%	Bangladesh	76597	432333 (1837)	6194 (21)	2615	37	2.80%
Ukraine	289765	551533 (10940)	9904 (98)	12281	220	14.01%	Austria	76453	203956 (5665)	1829 (83)	22597	203	24.91%
Germany	284659	802946 (3213)	12573 (62)	9572	151	14.99%	Bulgaria	66746	98251 (816)	2130 (39)	14181	307	23.50%
Sweden	171191	177355 (0)	6164 (0)	17520	609	17.42%	Iraq	60443	519152 (2237)	11670 (47)	12801	288	3.97%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



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Indonesia	59911	467113 (4106)	15211 (63)	1701	55	6.29%	Ethiopia	37285	102720 (399)	1569 (4)	885	14	2.96%
Colombia	59759	1198746 (7112)	34031 (202)	23465	666	4.58%	Nepal	35125	209776 (1477)	1221 (6)	7152	42	7.30%
Slovakia	55738	86767 (1200)	510 (0)	15890	93	12.99%	Bosnia	34461	71956 (1056)	1889 (32)	21984	577	13.25%
Honduras	55501	103102 (547)	2823 (1)	10293	283	2.97%	Libya	28452	73602 (974)	1017 (22)	10657	147	7.45%
Greece	50025	74205 (1695)	1106 (71)	7133	106	23.59%	Pakistan	28048	359032 (2128)	7160 (19)	1604	32	3.95%
Morocco	49800	293177 (4966)	4779 (82)	7908	129	12.41%	Lithuania	26728	34758 (1371)	277 (11)	12837	102	28.94%
Turkey	49108	414278 (3223)	11507 (89)	4892	136	4.83%	Philippines	25677	407838 (1501)	7832 (41)	3703	71	2.81%
Canada	47987	299422 (4291)	11001 (54)	7819	289	10.77%	Japan	24783	118611 (1498)	1874 (9)	924	15	8.61%
Costa Rica	46336	123223 (0)	1546 (0)	24107	302	5.57%	Tunisia	23697	80404 (1065)	2345 (66)	6777	198	11.55%
Lebanon	44197	105430 (1163)	817 (11)	15473	120	10.62%	Kenya	23210	70245 (972)	1269 (41)	1296	23	11.04%
Ireland	42560	67903 (377)	1979 (1)	13694	399	3.69%	Dominican Republic	21458	133724 (499)	2285 (3)	12281	210	2.65%
Peru	41334	934899 (2249)	35177 (71)	28272	1063	1.59%	Algeria	20892	67679 (860)	2154 (15)	1533	49	8.32%
Armenia	40590	117337 (1482)	1763 (25)	39570	595	9.30%	Azerbaijan	19571	75688 (2259)	967 (21)	7440	95	13.58%
South Africa	37316	751024 (1842)	20241 (35)	12604	340	1.83%	Slovenia	19381	55042 (920)	797 (32)	26475	383	17.95%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



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Paraguay	18612	71574 (509)	1587 (18)	9989	221	5.57%	Luxembourg	10284	25931 (0)	219 (0)	43019	359	15.91%
Panama	18410	146653 (1344)	2873 (6)	33791	662	4.86%	Chile	9754	531273 (1597)	14819 (42)	27703	773	1.83%
N Macedonia	18381	47050 (988)	1305 (24)	22584	626	15.49%	Montenegro	9399	27177 (491)	391 (6)	43269	623	16.09%
Belarus	17296	114185 (1315)	1046 (7)	12085	111	6.92%	Kazakhstan	9208	121051 (588)	1899 (0)	6387	101	3.53%
Bolivia	17260	143246 (65)	8849 (8)	12204	754	0.54%	Latvia	8909	10547 (316)	123 (2)	5615	65	23.25%
Croatia	16926	84206 (2362)	1049 (43)	20560	256	20.14%	Kuwait	8417	136840 (499)	838 (3)	31867	195	3.72%
Georgia	16914	79678 (3020)	703 (34)	19988	176	27.52%	West Bank & Gaza	8120	63031 (864)	565 (7)	12251	110	7.73%
Moldova	16448	89279 (507)	2019 (13)	22151	501	7.77%	Kyrgyzstan	8020	66983 (1030)	1203 (7)	10131	183	6.22%
Norway	16277	28434 (0)	294 (0)	5327	54	13.02%	Oman	7955	120389 (947)	1338 (12)	23357	260	1.87%
Myanmar	15066	68994 (983)	1577 (25)	1265	29	11.04%	Uganda	7837	16020 (231)	145 (1)	346	3	10.09%
Albania	14318	27830 (597)	623 (11)	9675	217	13.02%	Israel	7629	323741 (402)	2732 (11)	35198	297	1.39%
Denmark	13629	62136 (1058)	760 (3)	10713	131	11.29%	Saudi Arabia	7294	353255 (305)	5657 (16)	10088	162	0.75%
Malaysia	12323	47417 (1208)	309 (3)	1458	10	15.20%	French Polynesia	6811	11706 (0)	53 (0)	41582	188	14.62%
Kosovo	10990	29117 (1266)	822 (24)			21.24%	Angola	6685	13451 (77)	322 (0)	405	10	7.57%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Ecuador	6648	180295 (668)	13008 (11)	10162	733	2.99%
UAE**	6563	150345 (1210)	530 (2)	15133	53	5.46%
Afghanistan	6531	43240 (205)	1617 (12)	1102	41	2.65%
Guatemala	6515	114885 (166)	3932 (12)	6369	218	3.15%
Puerto Rico**	6072	42479 (707)	935 (14)	23238	276	-69.89%
Sri Lanka	5734	17287 (704)	58 (5)	806	3	19.43%
Guadeloupe	5717	8098 (0)	139 (0)	20237	347	2.41%
Cyprus**	5118	7178 (127)	39 (0)	5929	32	16.59%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University

HIGH RISK 1,000-5,000 cases)

Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7 -Day Av
Finland	4946	19315 (213)	369 (0)	3484	67	7.86%
Martinique	4597	4732 (0)	37 (0)	12613	99	10.93%
Jamaica	4405	9884 (104)	231 (2)	3332	78	3.82%
Venezuela	4128	97352 (419)	851 (3)	3427	30	2.54%
Sudan	3939	14626 (225)	1116 (0)	331	25	3.66%
Syria	3625	6684 (71)	345 (4)	379	20	7.02%
Egypt	3268	110767 (220)	6453 (11)	1075	63	1.41%
CAR	2913	4900 (4)	63 (0)	1008	13	0.43%
Nigeria	2912	65148 (152)	1163 (0)	313	6	1.62%
Estonia	2815	7637 (225)	81 (1)	5756	61	19.80%
Qatar	2767	135785 (215)	234 (0)	48360	83	1.17%
Botswana	2639	8225 (0)	27 (0)	3472	11	4.74%
El Salvador	2593	36358 (0)	1044 (5)	5619	161	3.34%
South Korea	2516	28769 (223)	494 (1)	557	10	4.23%



^{**} Indicates moved up a risk category

HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases /1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Belize	2173	4861 (78)	90 (2)	11948	220	14.09%
Malta	2172	8034 (117)	97 (2)	18177	219	11.12%
Uzbekistan	2119	70243 (256)	598 (4)	2086	18	2.15%
Mayotte	1911	4921 (0)	46 (0)	17879	167	7.54%
Bahrain	1900	84703 (180)	334 (1)	49158	194	1.47%
Guam	1890	5924 (0)	92 (0)			14.30%
Mozambique	1830	14448 (108)	113 (3)	458	4	4.71%
Bahamas	1707	7186 (23)	156 (1)	18208	395	3.33%
South Sudan	1654	3003 (0)	59 (0)	267	5	2.00%
Congo (Brazzaville)	1536	5515 (0)	92 (0)	990	17	2.47%
Ghana	1473	50123 (105)	322 (2)	1601	10	2.04%
Guinea	1385	12611 (26)	75 (1)	951	6	1.56%
Australia	1374	27749 (38)	907 (0)	1083	35	0.30%

HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

Country	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Nicaragua	1278	5661 (0)	158 (0)	851	24	1.24%
Haiti	1235	9168 (0)	232 (0)	800	20	0.45%
Andorra**	1049	5872 (147)	76 (1)	75952	983	8.33%

^{**} Indicates moved up a risk category

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University

US Risk Assessment

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

<u> </u>													
State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases / 1M Pop.	Deaths / 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av	State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
California	1013833	1032095 (9028)	18262 (9)	26161	462	5.75%	Alabama	126536	217822 (1979)	3248 (2)	44425	662	6.49%
Florida	867683	885201 (10105)	17518 (29)	41215	816	4.67%	Nevada	115673	120183 (1177)	1909 (1)	39018	620	8.45%
Illinois	562454	573616 (10631)	11162 (74)	45267	881	14.93%	Kansas	113420	117564 (41)	1184 (0)	40228	431	18.69%
New York	444380	560200 (3649)	34032 (22)	30709	1748	5.56%	Kentucky	111596	137586 (1449)	1661 (3)	30796	372	12.17%
Georgia	416032	424989 (2084)	8957 (1)	40028	844	12.21%	Indiana	99801	251597 (6710)	4910 (22)	37372	729	16.38%
Missouri	241154	244541 (779)	3387 (0)	40970	576	12.95%	South Carolina	90007	195507 (1493)	4112 (2)	37972	799	5.02%
Arizona	223734	275436 (2383)	6302 (2)	37841	866	5.87%	Ohio	89437	298096 (7853)	5722 (8)	25502	493	16.04%
New Jersey	223219	279274 (4538)	16566 (18)	32028	1879	8.84%	Wisconsin	87098	329924 (6320)	2751 (12)	53649	453	18.95%
Virginia	175908	201960 (1161)	3800 (1)	23661	445	4.85%	Pennsylvania	81336	268696 (4474)	9290 (38)	21016	734	12.54%
Texas	167967	1059753 (7524)	20002 (84)	37742	695	6.49%	lowa	76437	186314 (2759)	1989 (4)	58696	629	16.93%
Maryland	153254	165930 (1840)	4302 (9)	27446	712	7.19%	Connecticut	74108	88645 (0)	4737 (0)	24863	1329	11.87%
Colorado	151343	163417 (4183)	2546 (21)	28377	442	19.85%	Oregon	50249	56880 (862)	761 (2)	13486	180	11.31%
Michigan	128654	275892 (100)	8376 (0)	27615	839	16.97%	Utah	48773	153808 (2667)	718 (8)	47976	224	13.77%
Washington	127521	130040 (2309)	2519 (0)	17581	332	9.77%	Minnesota	47747	223581 (7553)	2961 (31)	39645	525	19.11%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



US Risk Assessment

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

State **Active** Confirmed **Deaths Deaths** % Daily Cases / 1M / 1M Change7-Cases (New) (New) Pop. Pop Day Av Idaho 46660 82245 (928) 759 (0) 46022 425 11.29% North Carolina 45710 312235 (3117) 29770 458 6.05% 4806 (50) Nebraska 44871 98161 (1327) 779 (0) 50745 403 14.46% Massachusetts 40524 188275 (2133) 10329 (36) 27316 1499 8.96% **New Mexico** 38198 64201 (1030) 1215 (7) 579 14.52% 30618 **Rhode Island** 37189 12.40% 41529 (0) 1254 (0) 39202 1184 36953 310937 (5817) 3893 (16) 45531 570 9.35% Tennessee Oklahoma 27807 154128 (3923) 1528 (12) 38951 386 11.59% Louisiana 22274 204513 (2532) 6132 (11) 43993 1319 8.09% South Dakota 19360 65381 (1199) 644 (23) 73905 728 15.26% Mississippi 19336 134309 (969) 3543 (3) 45128 1190 5.67% Montana 19166 47158 (1272) 520 (6) 44123 487 15.86% Alaska 16552 23814 (661) 98 (0) 30978 134 16.75% 16545 133040 (874) 2183 (24) 44085 723 8.40% Arkansas

VERY HIGH RISK (>5,000 cases)

State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Delaware	13200	28803 (408)	736 (0)	29579	756	7.64%
North Dakota	11124	63802 (930)	742 (16)	83715	966	14.89%
West Virginia	10000	33659 (867)	582 (8)	18781	325	15.61%
Wyoming	9897	22494 (613)	144 (0)	38866	249	23.05%

HIGH RISK (1,000-5,000 cases)

State	Active Cases	Confirmed (New)	Deaths (New)	Cases/ 1M Pop.	Deaths/ 1M Pop	% Daily Change7- Day Av
Hawaii	4579	16759 (0)	222 (0)	11667	157	4.85%
District of Columbia	4135	18977 (163)	660 (2)	26889	935	5.14%
New Hampshire	3317	14682 (361)	499 (0)	10790	367	14.94%
Maine	2098	8944 (153)	165 (2)	6654	123	13.99%

Data Source: Johns Hopkins University



Contacts

This summary is based on reports sourced from among the 75 countries in which Dentons currently serves clients as well as from firms in other locations, some of which will formally join Dentons later in 2020. We are pleased to share this complimentary summary and contemporaneous assessment, with the caveat that developments are changing rapidly. This is not legal advice, and you should not act or refrain from acting based solely on its contents. We urge you to consult with counsel regarding your particular circumstances.

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